New York Life Anchor CIT - Class 35

Benchmark 1
Morningstar Money Market – Taxable

Benchmark 2
New York Life Anchor Act

Net Credit Rating 1.49%

Investment Information

Investment Objective & Strategy
The primary investment objective of the Fund is to seek to preserve principal and maintain a stable crediting rate that is responsive to changes in interest rates. The Fund seeks to invest in securities that are constituents in the New York Life Anchor Fund established 1/3/1995. The Fund seeks to provide participants with a low risk stable option that offers competitive yields and limited volatility by investing in a group annuity contract issued by New York Life Insurance Company. Principal and accumulated interest guarantees are provided by New York Life, subject to the terms of the group annuity contract. The Fund crediting rate is subject to change daily.

What do Stable Value Funds invest in?
Stable value funds seek to provide income while preventing price fluctuations. The most common stable value funds invest in a diversified portfolio of bonds and enter into wrapper agreements with financial companies to guarantee fluctuations in their share prices. The safety of these funds therefore depends on both the fund’s investments as well as the financial strength of the insurance companies and banks that back the wrapper agreements.

Performance Disclosure: (1) These rates are net of all fees and operating expenses applicable to the share class. There is no guarantee that future rates will be similar. Guarantees are subject to New York Life’s financial strength and claims paying ability. (2) Morningstar Money Market Average. This is an average of all the Money Market Funds in the Morningstar database. Money Market since inception performance is calculated based on New York Life Anchor Collective Fund inception date. (3) The returns represent the Actual performance for the New York Life Anchor Fund incorporating the contract charge. Current performance may be lower or higher. –Current Fund credit rating rates and rate of returns are available by contacting Reliance_NYLcitgroup@fisglobal.com.

Portfolio Analysis

Sector Diversification & as of 03-31-22
- Corporates 50.3%
- CMBS 6.5%
- ABS 21.9%
- Cash 6.0%
- MBS 2.5%
- CMBS 3.1%
- Agency 5.5%
- Treasury 4.3%

Principal Risks
Inflation-Protected Securities, Emerging Markets, Foreign Securities, Loss of Money, Not FDIC Insured, Active Management, Bank Loans, Equity Securities, ETF, Underlying Fund/Fund of Funds, Fixed-Income Securities, Portfolio Diversification, Small Cap, Mid-Cap, Large Cap, Cash Transactions

Please refer to the Fund’s Offering Statement for more information.
For use with Institutions (Plan Fiduciary, Investment Professional and Authorized Agents of Plan Fiduciary) only, not for use with retail investors or the general public.
**Disclosure**

**About the Fund**

This Fund is a bank collective trust fund for which Reliance Trust Company, an FIS Company, ("Trustee"), serves as trustee and investment manager. The Fund is not FDIC insured and is not guaranteed by Reliance Trust nor guaranteed by any governmental agency. Units of beneficial interest in the Fund are not registered under the Securities Act of 1933 in reliance on an exemption under that Act for interests in a collective trust fund maintained by a bank for certain types of employee benefit trusts. Investors should carefully consider the Fund’s investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses before investing. Participation in the Trustee as participating trusts as more fully described in the Offering Statement containing this and other information, contact us at Reliance_CITGroup@FISglobal.com.

**About New York Life Insurance Company**

New York Life Insurance Company is domiciled in New York and is regulated by the New York Department of Financial Services. New York Life Insurance has for over 167 years been one of the most trusted financial institutions in the United States and a leading global provider of insurance, employee benefits and other financial services.

**Performance**

Performance information for the Anchor CIT has been adjusted for expenses of the share class of the Fund. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than performance information shown.

**Consider this risk before investing:**

The Fund is not intended as a complete investment program, and there can be no guarantee that it will achieve its investment objective. No Fund is insured or guaranteed by any government agency, by the Trustee or by the Advisor. See also “Fund-Specific Risks” in the relevant Fund’s appendix to the Offering Statement. The risk factors are not intended to be exhaustive and there may be other risks that should be taken into account in relation to an investment in a particular Fund. To obtain an Offering Statement describing these risks and containing further information, contact Reliance Trust Company at Reliance_CITGroup@FISglobal.com.

**Fee and Expense Disclosure**

The Fund shall have multiple class available for eligible participating trust as more fully described in the Offering Statement.

**Morningstar Style Box™**

The Morningstar Style Box™ reveals a fund’s investment strategy as of the date noted on this report.

For equity funds, the vertical axis shows the market capitalization of the long stocks owned, and the horizontal axis shows the investment style (value, blend, or growth). A darkened cell in the style box matrix indicates the weighted average style of the portfolio.

For portfolios holding fixed-income investments, a Fixed Income Style Box is calculated. The vertical axis shows the credit quality based on credit ratings and the horizontal axis shows interest-rate sensitivity as measured by effective duration. There are three credit categories - ‘High’, ‘Medium’, and ‘Low’, and there are three interest rate sensitivity categories - ‘Limited’, ‘Moderate’, and ‘Extensive’; resulting in nine possible combinations. As in the Equity Style Box, the combination of credit and interest rate sensitivity for a portfolio is represented by a darkened square in the matrix. Morningstar uses credit rating information from credit rating agencies (CRAs) that have been designated Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations (NRSROs) by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) in the United States. For a list of all NRSROs, please visit https://www.sec.gov/rocr/cr-current-nrsros.html. Additionally, Morningstar will use credit ratings from CRAs which have been recognized by foreign regulatory institutions that are deemed the equivalent of the NRSRO designation. To determine the rating applicable to a holding and the subsequent holding weighted value of a portfolio two methods may be employed. First is a common methodology approach where if a case exists such that two CRAs have rated a holding, the lower rating of the two should be applied; if three or more CRAs have rated a holding, the median rating should be applied; and in cases where there are more than two ratings and a median rating cannot be determined, the lower of the two middle ratings should be applied.

Alternatively, if there is more than one rating available an average can be calculated from all and applied.

Note: Morningstar, Inc. is not an NRSRO nor does it issue a credit rating on the fund. Credit ratings for any security held in a portfolio can change over time.

Morningstar uses the credit rating information to calculate a weighted-average credit quality value for the portfolio. This value is based only upon those holdings which are considered to be classified as ‘fixed income’, such a government, corporate, or securitized issues. Other types of holdings such as equities and many, though not all, types of derivatives are excluded. The weighted-average credit quality value is represented by a rating symbol which corresponds to the long-term rating symbol schemas employed by most CRAs. Note that this value is not explicitly published but instead serves as an input in the Style Box calculation. This symbol is then used to map to a Style Box credit quality category of “low,” “medium,” or “high.” Funds with a “low” credit quality category are those whose weighted-average credit quality is determined to be equivalent to the commonly used High Yield classification, meaning a rating below “BBB”, portfolios assigned to the “high” credit quality category have either a “AAA” or “AA+” average credit quality value, while “medium” are those with an average rating of “AA-” inclusive to “BBB-.” It is expected and intended that the majority of portfolios will be assigned a credit category of “medium”.

For assignment to an interest-rate sensitivity category, Morningstar uses the average effective duration of the portfolio. From this value there are three distinct methodologies employed to determine assignment to category. Portfolio which are assigned to Morningstar municipal-bond categories employ static breakpoints between categories. These breakpoints are: “Limited” equal to 4.5 years or less, “Moderate” equal to 4.5 years to less than 7 years; and “Extensive” equal to more than 7 years. For portfolios assigned to Morningstar categories other than U.S. Taxable, including all domiciled outside the United States, static duration breakpoints are also used: “Limited” equals less than or equal to 3.5 years, “Moderate” equals greater than 3.5 years but less than or equal to 6 years, and “Extensive” is assigned to portfolios with effective durations of more than 6 years.

Note: Interest-rate sensitivity for non-U.S. domiciled portfolios (excluding those in Morningstar convertible categories) may be assigned using average modified duration when average effective duration is not available.

For portfolios Morningstar classifies as U.S. Taxable Fixed-Income, interest-rate sensitivity category assignment is based on the effective duration of the Morningstar Core Bond Index (MCBI). The classification assignment is dynamically determined relative to the benchmark index value. A “Limited” category will be assigned to portfolios whose average effective duration is between 25% to 75% of MCBI average effective duration, where the average effective duration is between 75% to 125% of the MCBI the portfolio will be classified as “Moderate”, and those portfolios with an average effective duration value 125% or greater of the average effective duration of the MCBI will be classified as “Extensive.”