

MainStay WMC Value Fund

(formerly known as MainStay MAP Equity Fund)

Message from the President and Semiannual Report

Unaudited | April 30, 2021

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INVESTMENTS

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Message from the President

With the approval of COVID-19 vaccines and the passage of relief packages by the U.S. Congress, economic prospects improved during the reporting period, and investor risk appetite increased, benefiting both equities and fixed-income markets. Despite some volatility stemming from a sell-off in longer-dated Treasury securities, the stock market and higher-risk segments of the fixed-income market posted gains for the six months ended April 30, 2021.

By the beginning of the reporting period, the economy had made tremendous progress from the second quarter of 2020, when economic activity plunged. But uncertainty about when vaccines would be available and how quickly they could be administered left investors unsure about the economic outlook.

With the approval of several vaccines in November, the outlook brightened and investors became less risk-averse. Anticipating the likely end of the pandemic and a continuation of the economic recovery, they began to see opportunities in investment-grade and high-yield bonds and more cyclical segments of the stock market. The \$900 billion relief and stimulus package passed in December provided further assurance.

In January, the Federal Reserve opted to leave interest rates unchanged, pointing to some uncertainty about the pace of the global recovery. Officials also noted that inflation remained low, citing oil prices in particular.

In March, President Biden signed the \$1.9 billion American Rescue Plan, which, among other provisions, called for payments of \$1,400 for those earning less than \$75,000 per year, plus \$1,400 per dependent. This, combined with the Federal Reserve's new tolerance for inflation and an anticipated \$2 trillion infrastructure spending bill, added to growing concerns about higher prices. Supply shortages in some markets caused some prices to soar, heightening concerns further.

In fixed-income markets, an improving economic outlook and rising inflation expectations led to a sell-off in longer-term Treasuries, with the result that the yield on the 10-year note rose sharply, particularly in February and March. Investment grade corporate bonds were also affected. Early in the reporting period, they performed well as investors shifted out of Treasuries, but as the reporting period progressed, they faltered. Longer-dated securities issued in recent years at historically low interest rates became especially unattractive.

High-yield bonds remained steady, supported by more favorable yields and an improved economic outlook, which reduced their perceived risk. Municipal bonds produced modest gains, and

although the sell-off in Treasuries produced some volatility early in 2021, stronger-than-expected tax revenues, \$350 billion in financial support from the federal government, and the possibility of an increase in federal income tax rates appeared to buoy the market late in the reporting period.

Inflation concerns and volatility in the Treasury market led to a shift in equities markets. Although the S&P 500[®] Index, a widely followed measure of U.S. equities, posted double-digit gains and hit a record high, the rise of Treasury yields disrupted valuations, especially those of growth stocks. Technology companies that saw their valuations soar amid the work-from-home trend in 2020 suffered large declines.

But the fiscal stimulus and continued accommodation from the Federal Reserve gave investors confidence the economic recovery would continue. Combined with the sky-high valuations in technology and growth stocks, this increased the appeal of more cyclical and value-oriented shares. As a result, value stocks outperformed growth stocks during the reporting period.

Reflecting the shift in investor sentiment, the performance of S&P 500[®] Index sectors varied widely. While the information technology sector kept up with the broader market, it lagged cyclical sectors such as energy and financials, which led the way. The shift was further reflected in the performance of small-cap stocks, which outperformed large caps. While developed markets kept pace with the U.S. market, lagging economic and pandemic recoveries appeared to weigh on emerging markets late in the reporting period.

With the lockdown restrictions lifting in the U.S. and the pandemic easing in many regions, we at New York Life Investments are looking forward to a return to a more normal economy. We anticipate that over the next several years, a variety of trends will likely offer long-term investors many attractive opportunities. With this in mind, we continue to develop products and services to help you to take advantage of these trends, manage your risks, and ultimately meet your investment goals.

Sincerely,



Kirk C. Lehneis
President

The opinions expressed are as of the date of this report and are subject to change. There is no guarantee that any forecast made will come to pass. This material does not constitute investment advice and is not intended as an endorsement of any specific investment. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

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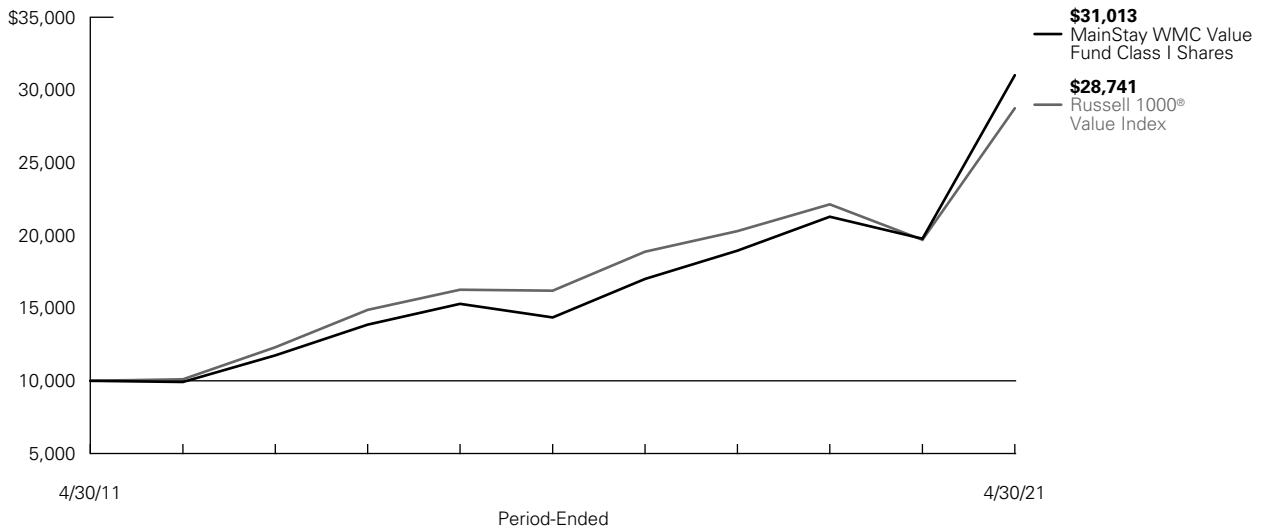
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Investors should refer to the Fund's Summary Prospectus and/or Prospectus and consider the Fund's investment objectives, strategies, risks, charges and expenses carefully before investing. The Summary Prospectus and/or Prospectus contain this and other information about the Fund. You may obtain copies of the Fund's Summary Prospectus, Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information free of charge, upon request, by calling toll-free 800-624-6782, by writing to NYLIFE Distributors LLC, Attn: MainStay Marketing Department, 30 Hudson Street, Jersey City, NJ 07302 or by sending an e-mail to MainStayShareholderServices@nylim.com. These documents are also available via the MainStay Funds' website at newyorklifeinvestments.com. Please read the Fund's Summary Prospectus and/or Prospectus carefully before investing.

Investment and Performance Comparison (Unaudited)

Performance data quoted represents past performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Because of market volatility and other factors, current performance may be lower or higher than the figures shown. Investment return and principal value will fluctuate, and as a result, when shares are redeemed, they may be worth more or less than their original cost. The graph below depicts the historical performance of Class I shares of the Fund. Performance will vary from class to class based on differences in class-specific expenses and sales charges. For performance information current to the most recent month-end, please call 800-624-6782 or visit newyorklifeinvestments.com.

The performance table and graph do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on distributions or Fund share redemptions. Total returns reflect maximum applicable sales charges as indicated in the table below, if any, changes in share price, and reinvestment of dividend and capital gain distributions. The graph assumes the initial investment amount shown below and reflects the deduction of all sales charges that would have applied for the period of investment. Performance figures may reflect certain fee waivers and/or expense limitations, without which total returns may have been lower. For more information on share classes and current fee waivers and/or expense limitations (if any), please refer to the Notes to Financial Statements.



Average Annual Total Returns for the Period-Ended April 30, 2021¹

Class	Sales Charge		Inception Date	Six Months or Since Inception	One Year	Five Years	Ten Years	Gross Expense Ratio ²
Class A Shares	Maximum 5.5% Initial Sales Charge	With sales charges	6/9/1999	29.46%	47.84%	15.05%	11.07%	1.00%
		Excluding sales charges		36.99	56.44	16.36	11.70	1.00
Investor Class Shares ³	Maximum 5% Initial Sales Charge	With sales charges	2/28/2008	29.96	47.42	14.79	10.85	1.31
		Excluding sales charges		36.80	56.00	16.09	11.47	1.31
Class B Shares ⁴	Maximum 5% CDSC if Redeemed Within the First Six Years of Purchase	With sales charges	6/9/1999	31.27	49.82	14.99	10.64	2.06
		Excluding sales charges		36.27	54.82	15.22	10.64	2.06
Class C Shares	Maximum 1% CDSC if Redeemed Within One Year of Purchase	With sales charges	6/9/1999	35.26	53.80	15.22	10.64	2.06
		Excluding sales charges		36.26	54.80	15.22	10.64	2.06
Class I Shares	No Sales Charge		1/21/1971	37.15	56.86	16.65	11.98	0.75
Class R1 Shares	No Sales Charge		1/2/2004	37.09	56.68	16.54	11.87	0.85
Class R2 Shares	No Sales Charge		1/2/2004	36.92	56.31	16.25	11.59	1.10
Class R3 Shares	No Sales Charge		4/28/2006	36.74	55.90	15.95	11.31	1.35
Class R6 Shares	No Sales Charge		4/26/2021	0.50	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.70

1. The Fund replaced its subadvisors, changed its investment objective and modified its principal investment strategies as of April 26, 2021. Therefore, the performance information shown in this report prior to April 26, 2021 reflects that of the Fund's prior subadvisors, investment objective and principal investment strategies.
2. The gross expense ratios presented reflect the Fund's "Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses" from the most recent Prospectus, as supplemented, and may differ from other expense ratios disclosed in this report.
3. Prior to June 30, 2020, the maximum initial sales charge was 5.5%, which is reflected in the average annual total return figures shown.
4. Class B shares are closed to all new purchases as well as additional investments by existing Class B shareholders.

The footnotes on the next page are an integral part of the table and graph and should be carefully read in conjunction with them.

Benchmark Performance	Six Months	One Year	Five Years	Ten Years
Russell 1000 [®] Value Index ¹	36.30%	45.92%	12.15%	11.13%
Russell 3000 [®] Index ²	31.08	50.92	17.67	14.03
Morningstar Large Blend Category Average ³	28.98	45.28	15.35	11.88

1. The Fund has selected the Russell 1000[®] Value Index as its primary benchmark. The Russell 1000[®] Value Index measures the performance of the large-cap value segment of the U.S. equity universe. It includes those Russell 1000[®] Index companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower expected growth values. Results assume reinvestment of all dividends and capital gains. An investment cannot be made directly in an index.
2. Prior to April 26, 2021, the Russell 3000[®] Index was the Fund's primary broad-based securities market index for comparison purposes. The Russell 3000[®] Index measures the performance of the largest 3,000 U.S. companies representing approximately 98% of the investable U.S. equity market. Results assume reinvestment of all dividends and capital gains. An investment cannot be made directly in an index.
3. The Morningstar Large Blend Category Average is representative of funds that represent the overall U.S. stock market in size, growth rates and price. Stocks in the top 70% of the capitalization of the U.S. equity market are defined as large cap. The blend style is assigned to portfolios where neither growth nor value characteristics predominate. These portfolios tend to invest across the spectrum of U.S. industries, and owing to their broad exposure, the portfolios' returns are often similar to those of the S&P 500[®] Index. Results are based on average total returns of similar funds with all dividends and capital gain distributions reinvested.

The footnotes on the preceding page are an integral part of the table and graph and should be carefully read in conjunction with them.

Cost in Dollars of a \$1,000 Investment in MainStay WMC Value Fund (Unaudited)

The example below is intended to describe the fees and expenses borne by shareholders during the six-month period from November 1, 2020, to April 30, 2021, and the impact of those costs on your investment.

Example

As a shareholder of the Fund you incur two types of costs: (1) transaction costs, including exchange fees and sales charges (loads) on purchases (as applicable), and (2) ongoing costs, including management fees, distribution and/or service (12b-1) fees, and other Fund expenses (as applicable). This example is intended to help you understand your ongoing costs (in dollars) of investing in the Fund and to compare these costs with the ongoing costs of investing in other mutual funds. The example is based on an investment of \$1,000 made at the beginning of the six-month period and held for the entire period from November 1, 2020, to April 30, 2021.

This example illustrates your Fund's ongoing costs in two ways:

Actual Expenses

The second and third data columns in the table below provide information about actual account values and actual expenses. You may use the information in these columns, together with the amount you invested, to estimate the expenses that you paid during the six months ended April 30, 2021. Simply divide your account value by \$1,000 (for example, an

\$8,600 account value divided by \$1,000 = 8.6), then multiply the result by the number under the heading entitled "Expenses Paid During Period" to estimate the expenses you paid on your account during this period.

Hypothetical Example for Comparison Purposes

The fourth and fifth data columns in the table below provide information about hypothetical account values and hypothetical expenses based on the Fund's actual expense ratio and an assumed rate of return of 5% per year before expenses, which is not the Fund's actual return. The hypothetical account values and expenses may not be used to estimate the actual ending account balances or expenses you paid for the six-month period shown. You may use this information to compare the ongoing costs of investing in the Fund with the ongoing costs of investing in other mutual funds. To do so, compare this 5% hypothetical example with the 5% hypothetical examples that appear in the shareholder reports of the other mutual funds.

Please note that the expenses shown in the table are meant to highlight your ongoing costs only and do not reflect any transactional costs, such as exchange fees or sales charges (loads). Therefore, the fourth and fifth data columns of the table are useful in comparing ongoing costs only and will not help you determine the relative total costs of owning different funds. In addition, if these transactional costs were included, your costs would have been higher.

Share Class	Beginning Account Value 11/1/20	Ending Account Value (Based on Actual Returns and Expenses) 4/30/21	Expenses Paid During Period ¹	Ending Account Value (Based on Hypothetical 5% Annualized Return and Actual Expenses) 4/30/21	Expenses Paid During Period ¹	Net Expense Ratio During Period ²
Class A Shares	\$1,000.00	\$1,369.90	\$ 6.40	\$1,019.39	\$ 5.46	1.09%
Investor Class Shares	\$1,000.00	\$1,368.00	\$ 8.16	\$1,017.90	\$ 6.95	1.39%
Class B Shares	\$1,000.00	\$1,362.70	\$12.54	\$1,014.18	\$10.69	2.14%
Class C Shares	\$1,000.00	\$1,362.60	\$12.54	\$1,014.18	\$10.69	2.14%
Class I Shares	\$1,000.00	\$1,371.50	\$ 5.00	\$1,020.58	\$ 4.26	0.85%
Class R1 Shares	\$1,000.00	\$1,370.90	\$ 5.53	\$1,020.13	\$ 4.71	0.94%
Class R2 Shares	\$1,000.00	\$1,369.20	\$ 6.99	\$1,018.89	\$ 5.96	1.19%
Class R3 Shares	\$1,000.00	\$1,367.40	\$ 8.51	\$1,017.60	\$ 7.25	1.45%
Class R6 Shares ^{3, 4}	\$1,000.00	\$1,005.00	\$ 0.10	\$1,000.59	\$ 0.10	0.70%

- Expenses are equal to the Fund's annualized expense ratio of each class multiplied by the average account value over the period, divided by 365 and multiplied by 181 (to reflect the six-month period) and 5 days for Class R6 (to reflect the since-inception period). The table above represents the actual expenses incurred during the six-month period. In addition to the fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, it also indirectly bears a pro rata share of the fees and expenses of the underlying funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above-reported expense figures.
- Expenses are equal to the Fund's annualized expense ratio to reflect the six-month period.
- Expenses paid during the period reflect ongoing costs for the period from inception through 4/30/21. Had these shares been offered for the full six-month period ended 4/30/21, and had the Fund provided a hypothetical 5% annualized return, expenses paid during the period would have been \$3.51 for Class R6 shares and the ending account value would have been \$1,019.91 for Class R6 shares.
- The inception date was April 26, 2021.

Industry Composition as of April 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

Banks	11.5%	Building Products	2.4%
Pharmaceuticals	7.2	Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	1.6
Insurance	6.6	Beverages	1.4
Aerospace & Defense	5.4	Food Products	1.4
Health Care Providers & Services	4.9	Containers & Packaging	1.4
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	4.8	Household Durables	1.3
Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment	4.6	Electrical Equipment	1.3
Capital Markets	4.5	Machinery	1.3
Communications Equipment	3.8	Real Estate Management & Development	1.2
Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts	3.7	Auto Components	1.1
Specialty Retail	3.1	Metals & Mining	1.1
IT Services	2.8	Software	1.0
Interactive Media & Services	2.7	Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	1.0
Multi-Utilities	2.7	Biotechnology	0.5
Media	2.6	Short-Term Investments	1.8
Road & Rail	2.6	Other Assets, Less Liabilities	-0.9
Chemicals	2.6		<u>100.0%</u>
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels	2.5		
Electric Utilities	2.5		

See Portfolio of Investments beginning on page 13 for specific holdings within these categories. The Fund's holdings are subject to change.

Top Ten Holdings as of April 30, 2021 (excluding short-term investments) (Unaudited)

1. JPMorgan Chase & Co.	6. Pfizer, Inc.
2. Bank of America Corp.	7. Anthem, Inc.
3. Alphabet, Inc., Class C	8. MetLife, Inc.
4. Comcast Corp., Class A	9. Medtronic plc
5. Cisco Systems, Inc.	10. Chubb Ltd.

Portfolio Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Questions answered by portfolio managers Christopher Mullarkey and James Mulvey of Markston International LLC (“Markston”), a former Subadvisor to the Fund; portfolio managers William W. Priest, CFA, Michael A. Welhoelter, CFA, David N. Pearl and Justin Howell of Epoch Investment Partners, Inc. (“Epoch”), a former Subadvisor to the Fund; and portfolio manager Adam H. Illfelde of Wellington Management Company LLP (“Wellington”), the Fund’s current Subadvisor.

How did MainStay WMC Value Fund perform relative to its benchmarks and peer group during the six months ended April 30, 2021?

For the six months ended April 30, 2021, Class I shares of MainStay WMC Value Fund returned 37.15%, outperforming the 36.30% return of the Fund’s primary benchmark, the Russell 1000® Value Index, and the 31.08% return of the Russell 3000® Index, the Fund’s former primary benchmark. Over the same period, Class I shares also outperformed the 28.98% return of the Morningstar Large Blend Category Average.¹

Were there any changes to the Fund during the reporting period?

At meetings held on January 21, January 25, and February 3, 2021, the Board of Trustees of MainStay Funds considered and approved, among other related proposals: (i) appointing Wellington Management Company LLP as the Fund’s subadvisor, and the related subadvisory agreement; (ii) changing the Fund’s name and removing its non-fundamental “names rule” investment policy; (iii) modifying the Fund’s principal investment strategies, investment process and primary benchmark; (iv) reducing the Fund’s contractual management fee and eliminating the Fund accounting fee; and (v) establishing an expense cap for Class I shares of the Fund. These changes were effective on April 26, 2021. For more information on these and other changes, refer to the supplement dated February 5, 2021.

In the process of implementing the new principal investment strategies and investment process, the Fund experienced a high level of portfolio turnover. Also, during this transition period, the Fund may not have been pursuing its investment objective or may not have been managed consistent with its investment strategies as stated in the Prospectus. This may have impacted the Fund’s performance.

What factors affected the Fund’s relative performance during the reporting period?

Markston

During the time Markston managed a portion of the Fund, the Pfizer, Moderna, and Johnson & Johnson vaccines became widely available, leading to a steep decline in COVID-19 cases and a reopening of the U.S. economy. The Markston portion of the Fund outperformed its primary benchmark, the Russell 3000® Index, primarily due to the Fund’s overweight position in the communication services sector, with much of outperformance coming from holdings in Alphabet, the parent company of online advertising services provider Google. Google’s share price rose as

the company’s revenue growth reaccelerated. Holdings in entertainment provider The Walt Disney Company further bolstered relative returns as the company’s newly launched streaming entertainment service, Disney+, far exceeded its initial subscriber outlook and the company raised its long-term guidance. The financials sector also bolstered relative performance as expectations for increased economic activity, lending and, eventually, rising interest rates, drove financials to outperform.

Epoch

During the time Epoch managed a portion of the Fund, the Epoch portion of the Fund outperformed the Russell 3000® Index primarily due to strong security selection in the energy, financials and information technology sectors.

Wellington

During the time Wellington managed the Fund, the Fund outperformed its new primary benchmark, the Russell 1000® Value Index, primarily due to favorable security selection. Strong selection in communication services and industrials was partially offset by weaker selection in information technology. Sector allocation, a result of our bottom-up stock selection process, detracted from relative results. This negative allocation effect was driven by the Fund’s overweight positioning in information technology and health care, as well as underweight exposure to energy.

During the reporting period, which sectors were the strongest positive contributors to the Fund’s relative performance and which sectors were particularly weak?

Markston

During the time Markston managed a portion of the Fund, the strongest positive contributions to relative performance in the Markston portion of the Fund came from the communication services and financials sector. (Contributions take weightings and total returns into account.) During the same period, the most significant detractors from relative performance were the consumer discretionary and health care sectors.

Epoch

During the time Epoch managed a portion of the Fund, the energy, financials and information technology sectors were the strongest positive contributors to the relative performance of the Epoch portion of the Fund. During the same period, the weakest contributing sectors included consumer discretionary and health care.

1. See page 5 for other share class returns, which may be higher or lower than Class I share returns. See page 6 for more information on benchmark and peer group returns.

Wellington

During the time Wellington managed the Fund, the communication services, industrials and consumer discretionary sectors provided the strongest positive contributions to relative performance. Over the same period, the information technology, health care and energy sectors detracted most from the Fund's relative performance.

During the reporting period, which individual stocks made the strongest positive contributions to the Fund's absolute performance and which stocks detracted the most?

Markston

During the time Markston managed a portion of the Fund, the strongest contributions to absolute performance in the Markston portion of the Fund included holdings in online payment company PayPal, Alphabet (described above) and consumer electronics and services firm Apple.

PayPal stock benefited from strength in e-commerce and the broader shift away from cash payments. In the first quarter of 2021, the company reported growing total payment volume ("TPV"), with rising revenues and increasing earnings per share ("EPS"). The company added 14.5 million net new active accounts ("NNAs") and ended the quarter with 392 million active accounts. During the quarter, online retailer eBay represented a declining percentage of PayPal's TPV and was on pace to fall further. Excluding eBay, PayPal's TPV grew by its fastest rate ever on both a spot basis and a foreign exchange-neutral basis. The company's mobile payment service, Venmo, also delivered strong performance in the first quarter of 2021 with rapidly rising TPV, putting it on pace to become a major revenue business for PayPal. PayPal reported that it believes the shift in consumer digital behavior will remain essentially unchanged in a post-COVID world. The company raised guidance for future TPV, revenues and EPS, with 52–55 million NNAs expected to be added in 2021.

As mentioned above, Alphabet shares benefited from the robust performance of Google, which posted a very strong start to 2021 with rapidly rising total revenue and increasing operating margins. The company saw sharply rising revenues from its search advertising, Cloud and YouTube segments. The company also authorized a new \$50 billion stock buyback program. Google has continued to use its other products to help boost cloud sales. On April 26, 2021, Google Cloud announced a deal with Spanish language media company Univision to provide cloud services, distribute Univision content on YouTube and provide advertising services.

In Search, spending by the retail, technology and commercial packaged goods industries led gains. The company also started to see a meaningful pickup in travel search, which accounted for a significant percentage of pre-pandemic search revenue.

We saw three market trends helping to drive Google's cloud growth. First, Google's expertise in real-time data and analytics fostered strong customer momentum in the data cloud and attracted companies like Twitter and Ingersoll Rand, which began moving their complex data workloads to Google Cloud. Google's strength in artificial intelligence and machine learning also helped financial services customers improve efficiency of payments, reduce fraud and risk, and deliver faster payment solutions. Second, Google customers require a robust infrastructure cloud to create operational efficiencies and reduce information technology ("IT") costs. Google won large IT transformation deals with companies migrating their data centers to Google Cloud. Third, Google continued to deliver innovations to enable hybrid work with Google Workspace, where innovations helped grow revenue per seat and the number of seats.

During the time Markston managed a portion of the Fund, YouTube reportedly had 2 billion monthly users and 1 billion hours of video watched daily. More 18-to-49-year olds watched YouTube than all linear tv combined. Large brands increasingly augmented TV brand advertising spending with YouTube. Direct Response ads on YouTube did not exist a few years ago, but have become a key growth driver with its core brand ads.

Apple continued to generate impressive numbers during the time Markston managed the Fund, with sharply rising revenues, climbing iPhone sales driven by demand for 5G capability, and increasing sales of Mac devices, iPads, wearables and services. In services, Apple reached more than 660 million paid subscriptions, up 145 million from a year earlier and twice the number of paid subscriptions in late 2018. The company posted rising gross margins for both products and services driven by cost savings, a strong mix of offerings, and favorable foreign exchange rates. Apple ended the first quarter of 2021 with a strong balance sheet and authorized a significant new share buyback program, edging toward a cash neutral stance.

During the same period, the stocks that detracted the most from absolute performance of the Markston portion of the Fund included China-based online and mobile commerce company Alibaba Group Holding and semiconductor chip maker Intel. Both remained as holdings in the Markston portion of the Fund.

Alibaba shares underwent a sharp correction amid concerns over anti-monopoly regulation. Specifically, in December 2020, the Chinese government launched an antitrust investigation against Alibaba. Chinese regulators also moved to rein in Ant Group (of which Alibaba owns one-third), ordering the financial technology company to focus more on its payment processing roots and less on faster-growing areas such as personal lending, insurance and wealth management. Earlier, in November, Chinese regulators abruptly suspended Ant Group's initial public offering, which was on-track to be the world's largest IPO, just two days before its planned debut.

Intel's underperformance was due to delays in the company's transition to the next generation 7-nano meter chip technology, recent headwinds at its cloud and data center business, and strong competition from rivals in the personal computing and server CPU (central processor unit) space, which represent a majority of Intel's total revenues.

Epoch

During the time Epoch managed a portion of the Fund, stocks making the strongest positive contributions to the absolute performance of the Epoch portion of the Fund included Texas Pacific Land, a land trust with both oil & gas and water interests, and several holdings in the banking industry.

Texas Pacific Land's shares surged after the company reported a strong sequential improvement in core oil & gas royalties driven by higher energy prices. While the company's water business revenues fell, the segment remained highly profitable. Cash flow from operations equaled \$46 million, and the company elected to increase its dividend. Texas Pacific Land's balance sheet remained in pristine condition, with approximately \$316 million in cash and no debt. In our opinion, the company was in a very attractive position to benefit from any increase in energy production in West Texas, and we expected that it would remain focused on repurchasing stock and increasing its dividend.

Among financials, bank stocks performed well due to optimism about fiscal stimulus, infrastructure spending, rising interest rates and bigger capital returns. Market sentiment improved as a growing number of investors came to believe that an end to the pandemic would be a positive catalyst for banks due to an improving economy and higher interest rates. In addition, several banks held by the Fund reported results that exceeded consensus expectations. Portfolio names that made notably strong contributions to absolute performance included Axos Financial, Bank of America, Bank OZK and Signature Bank.

During the same period, the stocks that detracted the most from absolute performance of the Epoch portion of the Fund included mobile communications company T-Mobile and packaged goods firm McCormick & Company.

T-Mobile's stock price declined modestly after the company reported weaker prospects for postpaid net customer additions in 2021 than previously expected. In addition, while the company's fourth quarter 2020 revenue grew sharply on a year-over-year basis, reported profits declined significantly, reflecting higher costs from integrating Sprint into the company. Despite this we still noted that, with the acquisition of Sprint, increased scale made T-Mobile far more efficient, turning it from a cash burner to a substantial cash generator and removing questions about its viability. We believed that, based on solid execution, T-Mobile offered an attractive growth story with a lower risk profile relative to many peers, at an attractive evaluation.

After serving as a top contributor to the absolute performance of the Epoch portion of the Fund in late 2020, shares of McCormick came under pressure. Some investors may have opted to take profits, while others may have experienced some execution concerns over the company's recent acquisitions. Two months after acquiring hot sauce maker Cholula in November 2020, McCormick announced its intention to acquire the fast-growing industrial flavorings company FONA International for \$710 million. While we believed the acquisitions represented bold steps by McCormick to strengthen its long-term competitive position during the pandemic, we opted to sell the Fund's position to reinvest the proceeds into other companies more leveraged to a post-pandemic rebound in economic activity.

Wellington

During the time Wellington managed the Fund, the top two absolute contributors to the Fund at the issuer level were Internet search and services provider Alphabet, and global financial services firm Bank of America. During the same period, the most significant detractors from the Fund's absolute performance included F5 Networks, a provider of integrated Internet traffic management solutions, and Corning, a manufacturer of specialty glass and ceramics.

What were some of the Fund's largest purchases and sales during the reporting period?

Markston

During the time Markston managed a portion of the Fund, the largest purchase in the Markston portion of the Fund was a new position in ETF iShares Russell 3000, an index fund seeking to track the performance of the Russell 3000[®] Index. The Markston portion of the Fund also increased its positions in China-based e-commerce giant Alibaba and social media company Facebook to take advantage of a temporary decline in the information technology sector.

During the same period, the largest sales in the Markston portion of the Fund involved shares in consumer technology company Apple, financial services company Bank of New York Mellon and medical technology company Medtronic. These partial sales were largely due to redemptions.

Epoch

During the time Epoch managed a portion of the Fund, the largest purchases in the Epoch portion of the Fund were positions in private mortgage insurance company Essent Group and independent oil and gas producer Diamondback Energy.

Essent provides credit protection to lenders and mortgage investors by covering a portion of the unpaid principal balance of a mortgage and certain related expenses in the event of a default. By providing capital to mitigate mortgage credit risk, the company allows lenders to make additional mortgage financing available to prospective homeowners. Essent writes mortgage guaranty

coverage in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. We believed that demand for new home purchases was likely to continue outstripping supply and that ongoing planned stimulus measures would likely support new home buyers through the pandemic-induced recession and recovery.

Diamondback Energy is an independent oil and gas producer in the United States. The company operates exclusively in the Permian Basin. In our view, Diamondback represented a pure play on the Permian basin, where the company can be profitable even at relatively low crude oil prices. The company has historically been cash flow positive when West Texas Intermediate prices have been equal to or greater than \$40 a barrel. We also appreciated the company's focus on increasing its capital discipline with a goal of deleveraging its balance sheet, maintaining low leverage, returning capital and being quick to flex down capital expenditures when commodity prices fall. In general, Diamondback has a low regulatory risk-profile as it has no Federal land exposure. We expected a post-pandemic increase in revenue to drive margins and cash flow higher. In addition, the company expected to realize additional synergies from recent acquisitions.

During the same period, the largest sales in the Epoch portion of the Fund were positions in OLED display and lighting manufacturer Universal Display and home improvement retailer Home Depot. Both positions were sold in their entirety for valuation reasons after shares sharply increased in price.

Wellington

During the time Wellington managed the Fund, the largest purchases included new positions in metals and mining corporation Rio Tinto, and F5 Networks, the latter of which is described above. Rio Tinto is the second largest metals and mining company in the world and the largest producer of iron ore. In our view, the stock appeared attractively valued with minimal balance sheet and execution risk, and offered exposure to a cyclical recovery. In the case of F5 Networks, while the company has been widely viewed as focused on "legacy technology" hardware, we think its business model transition toward software and subscriptions has been underappreciated and that revenue has been reaccelerating.

How did the Fund's sector weightings change during the reporting period?

Markston

During the time Markston managed a portion of the Fund the most significant sector weighting increases were in financials and cash. Over the same period, the Markston portion of the Fund decreased its sector exposure to information technology, health care and consumer staples.

Epoch

During the time Epoch managed a portion of the Fund, the most significant sector weighting increases in the Epoch portion of the Fund included financials and energy. Over the same period, the Epoch portion of the Fund decreased its allocations to consumer staples and health care.

Wellington

During the time Wellington managed the Fund, the largest increases in active weight were in the communication services, industrials and financials sectors, while the largest decreases were in the information technology, health care and energy sectors.

How was the Fund positioned at the end of the reporting period?

Markston

At the end of the period when Markston managed a portion of the Fund, the Markston portion of the Fund held its most overweight exposures relative to the Russell 3000[®] Index in shares of Apple, Alphabet and PayPal. As of the same date, the Markston portion of the Fund held no exposure to the real estate or utilities sectors, and no exposure to online retailer Amazon.com, all of which represented significant benchmark weights.

Epoch

At the end of the period when Epoch managed a portion of the Fund, the Epoch portion of the Fund held its largest overweight benchmark-relative positions in the financials and communication services sectors. As of the same date, the Epoch portion of the Fund held its most significantly underweight positions in the information technology and consumer discretionary sectors.

Wellington

As of April 30, 2021, the Fund's largest overweight allocations relative to the Russell 1000[®] Value Index were to the health care, information technology and financials sectors. Conversely, the Fund's most significantly underweight allocations were to consumer staples, communication services and energy.

The opinions expressed are those of the portfolio managers as of the date of this report and are subject to change. There is no guarantee that any forecasts will come to pass. This material does not constitute investment advice and is not intended as an endorsement of any specific investment.

Portfolio of Investments April 30, 2021[†] (Unaudited)

	Shares	Value
Common Stocks 99.1%		
Aerospace & Defense 5.4%		
General Dynamics Corp.	71,900	\$ 13,677,537
L3Harris Technologies, Inc.	67,200	14,060,256
Lockheed Martin Corp.	32,700	12,444,312
Raytheon Technologies Corp.	209,000	17,397,160
		<u>57,579,265</u>
Auto Components 1.1%		
Gentex Corp.	347,200	12,214,496
Banks 11.5%		
Bank of America Corp.	762,370	30,898,856
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	270,550	41,613,296
M&T Bank Corp.	91,200	14,381,328
PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. (The)	98,213	18,360,920
Truist Financial Corp.	304,900	18,083,619
		<u>123,338,019</u>
Beverages 1.4%		
Keurig Dr Pepper, Inc.	435,900	15,627,015
Biotechnology 0.5%		
Biogen, Inc. (a)	18,900	5,052,537
Building Products 2.4%		
Fortune Brands Home & Security, Inc.	112,500	11,810,250
Johnson Controls International plc	221,807	13,827,448
		<u>25,637,698</u>
Capital Markets 4.5%		
BlackRock, Inc.	22,110	18,114,723
Blackstone Group, Inc. (The)	167,300	14,804,377
LPL Financial Holdings, Inc.	96,600	15,137,220
		<u>48,056,320</u>
Chemicals 2.6%		
Celanese Corp.	98,300	15,398,695
FMC Corp.	106,200	12,557,088
		<u>27,955,783</u>
Communications Equipment 3.8%		
Cisco Systems, Inc.	553,420	28,174,612
F5 Networks, Inc. (a)	66,001	12,326,347
		<u>40,500,959</u>
Containers & Packaging 1.4%		
Sealed Air Corp.	299,700	14,805,180

	Shares	Value
Electric Utilities 2.5%		
Entergy Corp.	113,500	\$ 12,404,415
Exelon Corp.	321,600	14,452,704
		<u>26,857,119</u>
Electrical Equipment 1.3%		
nVent Electric plc	467,200	14,226,240
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components 1.6%		
Corning, Inc.	384,478	16,997,772
Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts 3.7%		
Crown Castle International Corp.	58,900	11,135,634
Gaming and Leisure Properties, Inc.	355,600	16,531,844
Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.	645,300	11,718,648
		<u>39,386,126</u>
Food Products 1.4%		
Mondelez International, Inc., Class A	246,160	14,968,990
Health Care Equipment & Supplies 4.8%		
Becton Dickinson and Co.	63,900	15,898,959
Boston Scientific Corp. (a)	340,100	14,828,360
Medtronic plc	163,680	21,428,986
		<u>52,156,305</u>
Health Care Providers & Services 4.9%		
Anthem, Inc.	61,096	23,179,211
Centene Corp. (a)	181,400	11,199,636
UnitedHealth Group, Inc.	46,087	18,379,496
		<u>52,758,343</u>
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure 1.0%		
Booking Holdings, Inc. (a)	4,400	10,850,752
Household Durables 1.3%		
Lennar Corp., Class A	137,649	14,260,436
Insurance 6.6%		
Assurant, Inc.	97,600	15,186,560
Chubb Ltd.	115,619	19,839,064
MetLife, Inc.	354,702	22,569,688
Progressive Corp. (The)	130,600	13,156,644
		<u>70,751,956</u>
Interactive Media & Services 2.7%		
Alphabet, Inc., Class C (a)	12,047	29,034,716

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, the financial statements.

Portfolio of Investments April 30, 2021[†] (Unaudited) (continued)

	Shares	Value
Common Stocks (continued)		
IT Services 2.8%		
Amdocs Ltd.	193,600	\$ 14,856,864
Global Payments, Inc.	69,300	14,873,859
		<u>29,730,723</u>
Machinery 1.3%		
Middleby Corp. (The) (a)	74,700	13,544,604
Media 2.6%		
Comcast Corp., Class A	507,515	28,496,967
Metals & Mining 1.1%		
Rio Tinto plc, Sponsored ADR (b)	137,642	11,707,829
Multi-Utilities 2.7%		
Dominion Energy, Inc.	193,900	15,492,610
Sempra Energy	97,900	13,468,103
		<u>28,960,713</u>
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels 2.5%		
Phillips 66	166,100	13,439,151
Pioneer Natural Resources Co.	90,100	13,860,083
		<u>27,299,234</u>
Pharmaceuticals 7.2%		
AstraZeneca plc, Sponsored (b)	249,400	13,235,658
Eli Lilly and Co.	91,500	16,723,455
Merck & Co., Inc.	119,200	8,880,400
Pfizer, Inc.	709,713	27,430,408
Roche Holding AG	33,939	11,059,673
		<u>77,329,594</u>
Real Estate Management & Development 1.2%		
CBRE Group, Inc., Class A (a)	151,300	12,890,760
Road & Rail 2.6%		
Knight-Swift Transportation Holdings, Inc.	306,200	14,428,144
Union Pacific Corp.	63,200	14,036,088
		<u>28,464,232</u>
Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment 4.6%		
Analog Devices, Inc.	77,900	11,931,164
KLA Corp.	31,300	9,870,455
Micron Technology, Inc. (a)	171,700	14,778,219

	Shares	Value
Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment (continued)		
Qorvo, Inc. (a)	68,900	\$ 12,964,913
		<u>49,544,751</u>
Software 1.0%		
VMware, Inc., Class A (a)	68,600	11,032,938
Specialty Retail 3.1%		
Home Depot, Inc. (The)	60,626	19,622,817
TJX Cos., Inc. (The)	194,600	13,816,600
		<u>33,439,417</u>
Total Common Stocks (Cost \$936,637,359)		<u>1,065,457,789</u>
Short-Term Investments 1.8%		
Affiliated Investment Company 0.8%		
MainStay U.S. Government Liquidity Fund, 0.01% (c)	8,073,967	8,073,967
Unaffiliated Investment Company 1.0%		
BlackRock Liquidity FedFund, 0.05% (c)(d)	10,987,170	10,987,170
Total Short-Term Investments (Cost \$19,061,137)		<u>19,061,137</u>
Total Investments (Cost \$955,698,496)	100.9%	1,084,518,926
Other Assets, Less Liabilities	(0.9)	(10,092,896)
Net Assets	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$ 1,074,426,030</u>

† Percentages indicated are based on Fund net assets.

(a) Non-income producing security.

(b) All or a portion of this security was held on loan. As of April 30, 2021, the aggregate market value of securities on loan was \$11,055,618; the total market value of collateral held by the Fund was \$11,631,732. The market value of the collateral held included non-cash collateral in the form of U.S. Treasury securities with a value of \$644,562. The Fund received cash collateral with a value of \$10,987,170. (See Note 2(l))

(c) Current yield as of April 30, 2021.

(d) Represents a security purchased with cash collateral received for securities on loan.

Abbreviation(s):

ADR—American Depositary Receipt

The following is a summary of the fair valuations according to the inputs used as of April 30, 2021, for valuing the Fund's assets:

Description	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Asset Valuation Inputs				
Investments in Securities (a)				
Common Stocks	\$ 1,065,457,789	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,065,457,789
Short-Term Investments				
Affiliated Investment Company	8,073,967	—	—	8,073,967
Unaffiliated Investment Company	10,987,170	—	—	10,987,170
Total Short-Term Investments	19,061,137	—	—	19,061,137
Total Investments in Securities	<u>\$ 1,084,518,926</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 1,084,518,926</u>

(a) For a complete listing of investments and their industries, see the Portfolio of Investments.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of April 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

Assets

Investment in unaffiliated securities, at value (identified cost \$947,624,529) including securities on loan of	
\$11,055,618	\$1,076,444,959
Investment in affiliated investment companies, at value (identified cost \$8,073,967)	8,073,967
Receivables:	
Investment securities sold	1,560,644
Dividends and interest	630,789
Fund shares sold	110,079
Other assets	129,076
Total assets	<u>1,086,949,514</u>

Liabilities

Cash collateral received for securities on loan	10,987,170
Due to custodian	195,991
Payables:	
Manager (See Note 3)	647,286
Fund shares redeemed	326,493
NYLIFE Distributors (See Note 3)	144,481
Transfer agent (See Note 3)	139,127
Professional fees	40,665
Shareholder communication	36,965
Custodian	2,682
Securities lending	18
Accrued expenses	2,606
Total liabilities	<u>12,523,484</u>
Net assets	<u>\$1,074,426,030</u>

Composition of Net Assets

Shares of beneficial interest outstanding (par value of \$.01 per share) unlimited number of shares authorized	\$ 203,940
Additional paid-in-capital	<u>355,182,963</u>
	355,386,903
Total distributable earnings (loss)	<u>719,039,127</u>
Net assets	<u>\$1,074,426,030</u>

Class A

Net assets applicable to outstanding shares	<u>\$525,009,266</u>
Shares of beneficial interest outstanding	<u>10,075,755</u>
Net asset value per share outstanding	\$ 52.11
Maximum sales charge (5.50% of offering price)	<u>3.03</u>
Maximum offering price per share outstanding	<u>\$ 55.14</u>

Investor Class

Net assets applicable to outstanding shares	<u>\$ 72,614,657</u>
Shares of beneficial interest outstanding	<u>1,394,920</u>
Net asset value per share outstanding	\$ 52.06
Maximum sales charge (5.00% of offering price)	<u>2.74</u>
Maximum offering price per share outstanding	<u>\$ 54.80</u>

Class B

Net assets applicable to outstanding shares	<u>\$ 15,712,107</u>
Shares of beneficial interest outstanding	<u>352,188</u>
Net asset value and offering price per share outstanding	<u>\$ 44.61</u>

Class C

Net assets applicable to outstanding shares	<u>\$ 12,126,498</u>
Shares of beneficial interest outstanding	<u>271,751</u>
Net asset value and offering price per share outstanding	<u>\$ 44.62</u>

Class I

Net assets applicable to outstanding shares	<u>\$ 99,498,649</u>
Shares of beneficial interest outstanding	<u>1,838,857</u>
Net asset value and offering price per share outstanding	<u>\$ 54.11</u>

Class R1

Net assets applicable to outstanding shares	<u>\$ 53,086</u>
Shares of beneficial interest outstanding	<u>1,009</u>
Net asset value and offering price per share outstanding (a)	<u>\$ 52.63</u>

Class R2

Net assets applicable to outstanding shares	<u>\$ 985,915</u>
Shares of beneficial interest outstanding	<u>18,791</u>
Net asset value and offering price per share outstanding	<u>\$ 52.47</u>

Class R3

Net assets applicable to outstanding shares	<u>\$ 1,093,578</u>
Shares of beneficial interest outstanding	<u>20,968</u>
Net asset value and offering price per share outstanding	<u>\$ 52.15</u>

Class R6

Net assets applicable to outstanding shares	<u>\$347,332,274</u>
Shares of beneficial interest outstanding	<u>6,419,712</u>
Net asset value and offering price per share outstanding	<u>\$ 54.10</u>

(a) The difference between the recalculated and stated NAV was caused by rounding.

Statement of Operations for the six months ended April 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

Investment Income (Loss)

Income

Dividends-unaffiliated (net of foreign tax withholding of \$29,778)	\$ 6,512,855
Dividend distributions from affiliated investment companies	53,870
Securities lending	8,845
Dividends-affiliated	465
Interest	365
Other	51
Total income	<u>6,576,451</u>

Expenses

Manager (See Note 3)	3,847,125
Distribution/Service—Class A (See Note 3)	585,239
Distribution/Service—Investor Class (See Note 3)	91,551
Distribution/Service—Class B (See Note 3)	77,021
Distribution/Service—Class C (See Note 3)	74,314
Distribution/Service—Class R2 (See Note 3)	1,078
Distribution/Service—Class R3 (See Note 3)	3,432
Transfer agent (See Note 3)	381,652
Professional fees	59,118
Registration	56,506
Shareholder communication	37,083
Custodian	15,669
Trustees	10,541
Insurance	3,803
Shareholder service (See Note 3)	1,141
Miscellaneous	23,479
Total expenses before waiver/reimbursement	5,268,752
Expense waiver/reimbursement from Manager (See Note 3)	(985)
Net expenses	<u>5,267,767</u>
Net investment income (loss)	<u>1,308,684</u>

Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss)

Net realized gain (loss) on:	
Unaffiliated investment transactions	591,849,770
Foreign currency transactions	(14,303)
Net realized gain (loss)	<u>591,835,467</u>
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	<u>(276,388,882)</u>
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	<u>315,446,585</u>
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	<u>\$ 316,755,269</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, the financial statements.

Statements of Changes in Net Assets

for the six months ended April 30, 2021 (Unaudited) and the year ended October 31, 2020

	2021	2020
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		
Operations:		
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 1,308,684	\$ 6,017,232
Net realized gain (loss)	591,835,467	33,059,775
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(276,388,882)	(14,979,349)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	316,755,269	24,097,658
Distributions to shareholders:		
Class A	(16,312,168)	(35,152,551)
Investor Class	(2,713,991)	(6,477,707)
Class B	(590,306)	(1,807,649)
Class C	(589,734)	(1,954,564)
Class I	(17,065,424)	(39,605,302)
Class R1	(1,674)	(2,963)
Class R2	(28,928)	(63,839)
Class R3	(95,950)	(184,909)
Total distributions to shareholders	(37,398,175)	(85,249,484)
Capital share transactions:		
Net proceeds from sales of shares	17,186,669	56,997,188
Net asset value of shares issued to shareholder in reinvestment of distributions	36,435,923	83,179,267
Cost of shares redeemed	(166,558,522)	(214,672,993)
Increase (decrease) in net assets derived from capital share transactions	(112,935,930)	(74,496,538)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets	166,421,164	(135,648,364)
Net Assets		
Beginning of period	908,004,866	1,043,653,230
End of period	\$1,074,426,030	\$ 908,004,866

Financial Highlights selected per share data and ratios

Class A	Six months ended April 30, 2021*	Year Ended October 31,				
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 39.49	\$ 42.24	\$ 41.20	\$ 43.76	\$ 35.92	\$ 43.32
Net investment income (loss) (a)	0.04	0.21	0.26	0.23	0.21	0.33
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	14.25	0.55	4.88	1.78	8.50	(0.63)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions	(0.00)‡	0.00‡	0.00‡	0.01	0.00‡	(0.00)‡
Total from investment operations	14.29	0.76	5.14	2.02	8.71	(0.30)
Less distributions:						
From net investment income	(0.25)	(0.31)	(0.28)	(0.21)	(0.48)	(0.40)
From net realized gain on investments	(1.42)	(3.20)	(3.82)	(4.37)	(0.39)	(6.70)
Total distributions	(1.67)	(3.51)	(4.10)	(4.58)	(0.87)	(7.10)
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 52.11	\$ 39.49	\$ 42.24	\$ 41.20	\$ 43.76	\$ 35.92
Total investment return (b)	36.99%	1.66%	13.54%	4.88%	24.73%	(0.57)%
Ratios (to average net assets)/Supplemental Data:						
Net investment income (loss)	0.19%††	0.55%	0.67%	0.57%	0.52%	0.92%
Net expenses (c)	1.09%††	1.10% (d)	1.11%	1.10%	1.10% (d)	1.09% (d)
Portfolio turnover rate	7%	16%	20%	15%	15%	42%
Net assets at end of period (in 000's)	\$ 525,009	\$ 389,530	\$ 427,040	\$ 384,637	\$ 389,582	\$ 285,431

* Unaudited.

‡ Less than one cent per share.

†† Annualized.

(a) Per share data based on average shares outstanding during the period.

(b) Total investment return is calculated exclusive of sales charges and assumes the reinvestment of dividends and distributions. For periods of less than one year, total return is not annualized.

(c) In addition to the fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, it also indirectly bears a pro-rata share of the fees and expenses of the underlying funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above expense ratios.

(d) Net of interest expense which is less than one-tenth of a percent. (See Note 6)

Financial Highlights selected per share data and ratios

Investor Class	Six months ended April 30, 2021*	Year Ended October 31,				
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 39.40	\$ 42.17	\$ 41.15	\$ 43.68	\$ 35.85	\$ 43.27
Net investment income (loss) (a)	(0.02)	0.10	0.18	0.17	0.14	0.25
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	14.23	0.53	4.86	1.78	8.49	(0.63)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions‡	(0.00)	0.00	0.00	(0.00)	0.00	(0.00)
Total from investment operations	14.21	0.63	5.04	1.95	8.63	(0.38)
Less distributions:						
From net investment income	(0.13)	(0.20)	(0.20)	(0.11)	(0.41)	(0.34)
From net realized gain on investments	(1.42)	(3.20)	(3.82)	(4.37)	(0.39)	(6.70)
Total distributions	(1.55)	(3.40)	(4.02)	(4.48)	(0.80)	(7.04)
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 52.06	\$ 39.40	\$ 42.17	\$ 41.15	\$ 43.68	\$ 35.85
Total investment return (b)	36.80%	1.35%	13.27%	4.69%	24.50%	(0.79)%
Ratios (to average net assets)/Supplemental Data:						
Net investment income (loss)	(0.08)%††	0.25%	0.46%	0.39%	0.36%	0.71%
Net expenses (c)	1.39%††	1.40% (d)	1.33%	1.29%	1.29% (d)	1.29% (d)
Expenses (before waiver/reimbursement)	1.39%††	1.41%	1.38%	1.31%	1.29%	1.29%
Portfolio turnover rate	7%	16%	20%	15%	15%	42%
Net assets at end of period (in 000's)	\$ 72,615	\$ 69,423	\$ 80,733	\$ 76,844	\$ 90,928	\$ 139,775

* Unaudited.

‡ Less than one cent per share.

†† Annualized.

(a) Per share data based on average shares outstanding during the period.

(b) Total investment return is calculated exclusive of sales charges and assumes the reinvestment of dividends and distributions. For periods of less than one year, total return is not annualized.

(c) In addition to the fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, it also indirectly bears a pro-rata share of the fees and expenses of the underlying funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above expense ratios.

(d) Net of interest expense which is less than one-tenth of a percent. (See Note 6)

Financial Highlights selected per share data and ratios

Class B	Six months ended April 30, 2021*	Year Ended October 31,				
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 33.97	\$ 36.88	\$ 36.53	\$ 39.43	\$ 32.42	\$ 39.74
Net investment income (loss) (a)	(0.17)	(0.16)	(0.09)	(0.13)	(0.13)	(0.01)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	12.23	0.45	4.26	1.60	7.67	(0.60)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions‡	(0.00)	0.00	0.00	(0.00)	0.00	(0.00)
Total from investment operations	12.06	0.29	4.17	1.47	7.54	(0.61)
Less distributions:						
From net investment income	—	—	—	—	(0.14)	(0.01)
From net realized gain on investments	(1.42)	(3.20)	(3.82)	(4.37)	(0.39)	(6.70)
Total distributions	(1.42)	(3.20)	(3.82)	(4.37)	(0.53)	(6.71)
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 44.61	\$ 33.97	\$ 36.88	\$ 36.53	\$ 39.43	\$ 32.42
Total investment return (b)	36.27%	0.57%	12.45%	3.91%	23.55%	(1.52)%
Ratios (to average net assets)/Supplemental Data:						
Net investment income (loss)	(0.84)%††	(0.48)%	(0.27)%	(0.35)%	(0.37)%	(0.03)%
Net expenses (c)	2.14%††	2.15% (d)	2.08%	2.04%	2.05% (d)	2.04% (d)
Expenses (before waiver/reimbursement)	2.14%††	2.16%	2.13%	2.06%	2.05%	2.04%
Portfolio turnover rate	7%	16%	20%	15%	15%	42%
Net assets at end of period (in 000's)	\$ 15,712	\$ 14,212	\$ 21,088	\$ 26,571	\$ 35,841	\$ 40,977

* Unaudited.

‡ Less than one cent per share.

†† Annualized.

(a) Per share data based on average shares outstanding during the period.

(b) Total investment return is calculated exclusive of sales charges and assumes the reinvestment of dividends and distributions. For periods of less than one year, total return is not annualized.

(c) In addition to the fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, it also indirectly bears a pro-rata share of the fees and expenses of the underlying funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above expense ratios.

(d) Net of interest expense which is less than one-tenth of a percent. (See Note 6)

Financial Highlights selected per share data and ratios

Class C	Six months ended April 30, 2021*	Year Ended October 31,				
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 33.98	\$ 36.88	\$ 36.53	\$ 39.43	\$ 32.42	\$ 39.73
Net investment income (loss) (a)	(0.16)	(0.16)	(0.07)	(0.14)	(0.13)	(0.01)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	12.22	0.46	4.24	1.61	7.67	(0.59)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions‡	(0.00)	0.00	0.00	(0.00)	0.00	(0.00)
Total from investment operations	12.06	0.30	4.17	1.47	7.54	(0.60)
Less distributions:						
From net investment income	—	—	—	—	(0.14)	(0.01)
From net realized gain on investments	(1.42)	(3.20)	(3.82)	(4.37)	(0.39)	(6.70)
Total distributions	(1.42)	(3.20)	(3.82)	(4.37)	(0.53)	(6.71)
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 44.62	\$ 33.98	\$ 36.88	\$ 36.53	\$ 39.43	\$ 32.42
Total investment return (b)	36.26%	0.60%	12.45%	3.91%	23.55%	(1.52)%
Ratios (to average net assets)/Supplemental Data:						
Net investment income (loss)	(0.82)%††	(0.48)%	(0.22)%	(0.36)%	(0.37)%	(0.03)%
Net expenses (c)	2.14%††	2.15% (d)	2.07%	2.04%	2.05% (d)	2.04% (d)
Expenses (before waiver/reimbursement)	2.14%††	2.16%	2.12%	2.06%	2.05%	2.04%
Portfolio turnover rate	7%	16%	20%	15%	15%	42%
Net assets at end of period (in 000's)	\$ 12,126	\$ 14,315	\$ 22,933	\$ 65,288	\$ 79,665	\$ 92,457

* Unaudited.

‡ Less than one cent per share.

†† Annualized.

(a) Per share data based on average shares outstanding during the period.

(b) Total investment return is calculated exclusive of sales charges and assumes the reinvestment of dividends and distributions. For periods of less than one year, total return is not annualized.

(c) In addition to the fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, it also indirectly bears a pro-rata share of the fees and expenses of the underlying funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above expense ratios.

(d) Net of interest expense which is less than one-tenth of a percent. (See Note 6)

Financial Highlights selected per share data and ratios

Class I	Six months ended April 30, 2021*	Year Ended October 31,				
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 40.99	\$ 43.71	\$ 42.51	\$ 45.00	\$ 36.92	\$ 44.35
Net investment income (loss) (a)	0.11	0.32	0.38	0.36	0.34	0.43
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	14.78	0.57	5.02	1.84	8.70	(0.65)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions‡	(0.00)	0.00	0.00	(0.00)	0.00	(0.00)
Total from investment operations	14.89	0.89	5.40	2.20	9.04	(0.22)
Less distributions:						
From net investment income	(0.35)	(0.41)	(0.38)	(0.32)	(0.57)	(0.51)
From net realized gain on investments	(1.42)	(3.20)	(3.82)	(4.37)	(0.39)	(6.70)
Total distributions	(1.77)	(3.61)	(4.20)	(4.69)	(0.96)	(7.21)
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 54.11	\$ 40.99	\$ 43.71	\$ 42.51	\$ 45.00	\$ 36.92
Total investment return (b)	37.15%	1.92%	13.80%	5.17%	25.01%	(0.33)%
Ratios (to average net assets)/Supplemental Data:						
Net investment income (loss)	0.46%††	0.81%	0.93%	0.83%	0.84%	1.17%
Net expenses (c)	0.85%††	0.85% (d)	0.86%	0.85%	0.85% (d)	0.84% (d)
Portfolio turnover rate	7%	16%	20%	15%	15%	42%
Net assets at end of period (in 000's)	\$ 99,499	\$ 417,329	\$ 488,730	\$ 484,839	\$ 634,730	\$ 807,694

* Unaudited.

‡ Less than one cent per share.

†† Annualized.

(a) Per share data based on average shares outstanding during the period.

(b) Total investment return is calculated exclusive of sales charges and assumes the reinvestment of dividends and distributions. Class I shares are not subject to sales charges. For periods of less than one year, total return is not annualized.

(c) In addition to the fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, it also indirectly bears a pro-rata share of the fees and expenses of the underlying funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above expense ratios.

(d) Net of interest expense which is less than one-tenth of a percent. (See Note 6)

Financial Highlights selected per share data and ratios

Class R1	Six months ended April 30, 2021*	Year Ended October 31,				
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 39.90	\$ 42.64	\$ 41.53	\$ 44.07	\$ 36.16	\$ 43.57
Net investment income (loss) (a)	0.08	0.27	0.33	0.37	0.27	0.38
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	14.39	0.56	4.91	1.73	8.56	(6.63)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions‡	(0.00)	0.00	0.00	(0.00)	0.00	(0.00)
Total from investment operations	14.47	0.83	5.24	2.10	8.83	(0.25)
Less distributions:						
From net investment income	(0.32)	(0.37)	(0.31)	(0.27)	(0.53)	(0.46)
From net realized gain on investments	(1.42)	(3.20)	(3.82)	(4.37)	(0.39)	(6.70)
Total distributions	(1.74)	(3.57)	(4.13)	(4.64)	(0.92)	(7.16)
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 52.63	\$ 39.90	\$ 42.64	\$ 41.53	\$ 44.07	\$ 36.16
Total investment return (b)	37.09%	1.82%	13.71%	5.05%	24.92%	(0.43)%
Ratios (to average net assets)/Supplemental Data:						
Net investment income (loss)	0.34%††	0.69%	0.83%	0.88%	0.67%	1.06%
Net expenses (c)	0.94%††	0.95% (d)	0.96%	0.95%	0.95% (d)	0.94% (d)
Portfolio turnover rate	7%	16%	20%	15%	15%	42%
Net assets at end of period (in 000's)	\$ 53	\$ 38	\$ 35	\$ 30	\$ 3,208	\$ 2,500

* Unaudited.

‡ Less than one cent per share.

†† Annualized.

(a) Per share data based on average shares outstanding during the period.

(b) Total investment return is calculated exclusive of sales charges and assumes the reinvestment of dividends and distributions. Class R1 shares are not subject to sales charges. For periods of less than one year, total return is not annualized.

(c) In addition to the fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, it also indirectly bears a pro-rata share of the fees and expenses of the underlying funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above expense ratios.

(d) Net of interest expense which is less than one-tenth of a percent. (See Note 6)

Financial Highlights selected per share data and ratios

Class R2	Six months ended April 30, 2021*	Year Ended October 31,				
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 39.74	\$ 42.48	\$ 41.38	\$ 43.93	\$ 36.05	\$ 43.44
Net investment income (loss) (a)	0.02	0.18	0.23	0.21	0.20	0.29
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	14.34	0.55	4.89	1.78	8.50	(6.63)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions‡	(0.00)	0.00	0.00	(0.00)	0.00	(0.00)
Total from investment operations	14.36	0.73	5.12	1.99	8.70	(0.34)
Less distributions:						
From net investment income	(0.21)	(0.27)	(0.20)	(0.17)	(0.43)	(0.35)
From net realized gain on investments	(1.42)	(3.20)	(3.82)	(4.37)	(0.39)	(6.70)
Total distributions	(1.63)	(3.47)	(4.02)	(4.54)	(0.82)	(7.05)
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 52.47	\$ 39.74	\$ 42.48	\$ 41.38	\$ 43.93	\$ 36.05
Total investment return (b)	36.92%	1.57%	13.42%	4.77%	24.60%	(0.68)%
Ratios (to average net assets)/Supplemental Data:						
Net investment income (loss)	0.09%††	0.45%	0.59%	0.50%	0.51%	0.80%
Net expenses (c)	1.19%††	1.20% (d)	1.21%	1.20%	1.20% (d)	1.20% (d)
Portfolio turnover rate	7%	16%	20%	15%	15%	42%
Net assets at end of period (in 000's)	\$ 986	\$ 716	\$ 780	\$ 881	\$ 2,583	\$ 3,528

* Unaudited.

‡ Less than one cent per share.

†† Annualized.

(a) Per share data based on average shares outstanding during the period.

(b) Total investment return is calculated exclusive of sales charges and assumes the reinvestment of dividends and distributions. Class R2 shares are not subject to sales charges. For periods of less than one year, total return is not annualized.

(c) In addition to the fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, it also indirectly bears a pro-rata share of the fees and expenses of the underlying funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above expense ratios.

(d) Net of interest expense which is less than one-tenth of a percent. (See Note 6)

Financial Highlights selected per share data and ratios

Class R3	Six months ended April 30, 2021*	Year Ended October 31,				
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 39.48	\$ 42.24	\$ 41.15	\$ 43.71	\$ 35.87	\$ 43.22
Net investment income (loss) (a)	(0.01)	0.07	0.13	0.08	0.07	0.20
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	14.23	0.54	4.87	1.79	8.50	(0.62)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions‡	(0.00)	0.00	0.00	(0.00)	0.00	(0.00)
Total from investment operations	14.22	0.61	5.00	1.87	8.57	(0.42)
Less distributions:						
From net investment income	(0.13)	(0.17)	(0.09)	(0.06)	(0.34)	(0.23)
From net realized gain on investments	(1.42)	(3.20)	(3.82)	(4.37)	(0.39)	(6.70)
Total distributions	(1.55)	(3.37)	(3.91)	(4.43)	(0.73)	(6.93)
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 52.15	\$ 39.48	\$ 42.24	\$ 41.15	\$ 43.71	\$ 35.87
Total investment return (b)	36.74%	1.29%	13.14%	4.51%	24.29%	(0.91)%
Ratios (to average net assets)/Supplemental Data:						
Net investment income (loss)	(0.02)%††	0.19%	0.32%	0.20%	0.17%	0.57%
Net expenses (c)	1.45%††	1.45% (d)	1.46%	1.45%	1.45% (d)	1.44% (d)
Portfolio turnover rate	7%	16%	20%	15%	15%	42%
Net assets at end of period (in 000's)	\$ 1,094	\$ 2,442	\$ 2,314	\$ 1,931	\$ 1,004	\$ 806

* Unaudited.

‡ Less than one cent per share.

†† Annualized.

(a) Per share data based on average shares outstanding during the period.

(b) Total investment return is calculated exclusive of sales charges and assumes the reinvestment of dividends and distributions. Class R3 shares are not subject to sales charges. For periods of less than one year, total return is not annualized.

(c) In addition to the fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, it also indirectly bears a pro-rata share of the fees and expenses of the underlying funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above expense ratios.

(d) Net of interest expense which is less than one-tenth of a percent. (See Note 6)

Class R6	April 26, 2021^ through April 30, 2021*
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 53.83
Net investment income (loss) (a)	0.11
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	0.16
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions	0.00‡
Total from investment operations	0.27
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 54.10
Total investment return (b)	0.50%
Ratios (to average net assets)/Supplemental Data:	
Net investment income (loss)††	0.47%
Net expenses†† (c)	0.70%
Portfolio turnover rate	7%
Net assets at end of period (in 000's)	\$ 347,332

* Unaudited.

^ Inception date.

‡ Less than one cent per share.

†† Annualized.

(a) Per share data based on average shares outstanding during the period.

(b) Total investment return is calculated exclusive of sales charges and assumes the reinvestment of dividends and distributions. Class R6 shares are not subject to sales charges. For periods of less than one year, total return is not annualized.

(c) In addition to the fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, it also indirectly bears a pro-rata share of the fees and expenses of the underlying funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above expense ratios.

Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 1—Organization and Business

The MainStay Funds (the "Trust") was organized on January 9, 1986, as a Massachusetts business trust. The Trust is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), as an open-end management investment company, and is comprised of twelve funds (collectively referred to as the "Funds"). These financial statements and notes relate to the MainStay WMC Value Fund (formerly MainStay MAP Equity Fund) (the "Fund"), a "diversified" fund, as that term is defined in the 1940 Act, as interpreted or modified by regulatory authorities having jurisdiction, from time to time.

The following table lists the Fund's share classes that have been registered and commenced operations:

Class	Commenced Operations
Class A	June 9, 1999
Investor Class	February 28, 2008
Class B	June 9, 1999
Class C	June 9, 1999
Class I	January 21, 1971
Class R1	January 2, 2004
Class R2	January 2, 2004
Class R3	April 28, 2006
Class R6	April 26, 2021
SIMPLE Class	N/A*

- SIMPLE Class shares were registered for sale effective as of August 31, 2020 but have not yet commenced operations.

Class B shares of the MainStay Group of Funds are closed to all new purchases as well as additional investments by existing Class B shareholders. Existing Class B shareholders may continue to reinvest dividends and capital gains distributions, as well as exchange their Class B shares for Class B shares of other funds in the MainStay Group of Funds as permitted by the current exchange privileges. Class B shareholders continue to be subject to any applicable contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC") at the time of redemption. All other features of the Class B shares, including but not limited to the fees and expenses applicable to Class B shares, remain unchanged. Unless redeemed, Class B shareholders will remain in Class B shares of their respective fund until the Class B shares are converted to Class A or Investor Class shares pursuant to the applicable conversion schedule.

Class A and Investor Class shares are offered at net asset value ("NAV") per share plus an initial sales charge. No initial sales charge applies to investments of \$1 million or more (and certain other qualified purchases) in Class A and Investor Class shares. A contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC") of 1.00% may be imposed on certain redemptions of Class A and Investor Class shares made within 18 months of the date of purchase on shares that were purchased without an initial sales charge. Class C shares are offered at NAV without an initial sales charge, although a 1.00% CDSC may be imposed on certain redemptions of such shares made within one year of the date of purchase of Class C shares. Class I and Class R6 shares are offered at NAV without a sales charge. SIMPLE

Class shares are currently expected to be offered at NAV without a sales charge. Depending upon eligibility, Class C shares convert to either Class A or Investor Class shares at the end of the calendar quarter ten years after the date they were purchased. Additionally, Investor Class shares may convert automatically to Class A shares. Under certain circumstances and as may be permitted by the Trust's multiple class plan pursuant to Rule 18f-3 under the 1940 Act, specified share classes of the Fund may be converted to one or more other share classes of the Fund as disclosed in the capital share transactions within these Notes. The classes of shares have the same voting (except for issues that relate solely to one class), dividend, liquidation and other rights, and the same terms and conditions, except that under distribution plans pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act, Class C shares are subject to higher distribution and/or service fees than Class A, Investor Class and SIMPLE Class shares. Class I and Class R6 shares are not subject to a distribution and/or service fee.

The Fund's investment objective is to seek long-term appreciation of capital.

Note 2—Significant Accounting Policies

The Fund is an investment company and accordingly follows the investment company accounting and reporting guidance of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standard Codification *Topic 946 Financial Services—Investment Companies*. The Fund prepares its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") in the United States of America and follows the significant accounting policies described below.

(A) Securities Valuation. Investments are usually valued as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange (the "Exchange") (usually 4:00 p.m. Eastern time) on each day the Fund is open for business ("valuation date").

The Board of Trustees of the Trust (the "Board") adopted procedures establishing methodologies for the valuation of the Fund's securities and other assets and delegated the responsibility for valuation determinations under those procedures to the Valuation Committee of the Trust (the "Valuation Committee"). The procedures state that, subject to the oversight of the Board and unless otherwise noted, the responsibility for the day-to-day valuation of portfolio assets (including fair value measurements for the Fund's assets and liabilities) rests with New York Life Investment Management LLC ("New York Life Investments" or the "Manager"), aided to whatever extent necessary by the Subadvisor (as defined in Note 3(A)). To assess the appropriateness of security valuations, the Manager, the Subadvisor or the Fund's third-party service provider, who is subject to oversight by the Manager, regularly compares prior day prices, prices on comparable securities and the sale prices to the prior and current day prices and challenges prices with changes exceeding certain tolerance levels with third-party pricing services or broker sources.

Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited) (continued)

The Board authorized the Valuation Committee to appoint a Valuation Subcommittee (the "Subcommittee") to establish the prices of securities for which market quotations are not readily available or the prices of which are not otherwise readily determinable under the procedures. The Subcommittee meets (in person, via electronic mail or via teleconference) on an as-needed basis. The Valuation Committee meets to ensure that actions taken by the Subcommittee were appropriate.

For those securities valued through either a standardized fair valuation methodology or a fair valuation measurement, the Subcommittee deals with such valuation and the Valuation Committee reviews and affirms, if appropriate, the reasonableness of the valuation based on such methodologies and measurements on a regular basis after considering information that is reasonably available and deemed relevant by the Valuation Committee. Any action taken by the Subcommittee with respect to the valuation of a portfolio security or other asset is submitted for review and ratification (if appropriate) to the Valuation Committee and the Board at the next regularly scheduled meeting.

"Fair value" is defined as the price the Fund would reasonably expect to receive upon selling an asset or liability in an orderly transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability. Fair value measurements are determined within a framework that establishes a three-tier hierarchy that maximizes the use of observable market data and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs to establish a classification of fair value measurements for disclosure purposes. "Inputs" refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk, such as the risk inherent in a particular valuation technique used to measure fair value using a pricing model and/or the risk inherent in the inputs for the valuation technique. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Fund. Unobservable inputs reflect the Fund's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the information available. The inputs or methodology used for valuing assets or liabilities may not be an indication of the risks associated with investing in those assets or liabilities. The three-tier hierarchy of inputs is summarized below.

- Level 1—quoted prices in active markets for an identical asset or liability
- Level 2—other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for a similar asset or liability in active markets, interest rates and yield curves, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.)
- Level 3—significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in measuring fair value of an asset or liability)

The level of an asset or liability within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of an input, both individually and in the aggregate, that is significant to the fair value measurement. The aggregate value by input

level of the Fund's assets and liabilities as of April 30, 2021, is included at the end of the Portfolio of Investments.

The Fund may use third-party vendor evaluations, whose prices may be derived from one or more of the following standard inputs, among others:

• Broker/dealer quotes	• Benchmark securities
• Two-sided markets	• Reference data (corporate actions or material event notices)
• Bids/offers	• Monthly payment information
• Industry and economic events	• Reported trades

An asset or liability for which market values cannot be measured using the methodologies described above is valued by methods deemed reasonable in good faith by the Valuation Committee, following the procedures established by the Board, to represent fair value. Under these procedures, the Fund generally uses a market-based approach which may use related or comparable assets or liabilities, recent transactions, market multiples, book values and other relevant information. The Fund may also use an income-based valuation approach in which the anticipated future cash flows of the asset or liability are discounted to calculate fair value. Discounts may also be applied due to the nature and/or duration of any restrictions on the disposition of the asset or liability. Fair value represents a good faith approximation of the value of a security. Fair value determinations involve the consideration of a number of subjective factors, an analysis of applicable facts and circumstances and the exercise of judgment. As a result, it is possible that the fair value for a security determined in good faith in accordance with the Fund's valuation procedures may differ from valuations for the same security determined by other funds using their own valuation procedures. Although the Fund's valuation procedures are designed to value a security at the price the Fund may reasonably expect to receive upon the security's sale in an orderly transaction, there can be no assurance that any fair value determination thereunder would, in fact, approximate the amount that the Fund would actually realize upon the sale of the security or the price at which the security would trade if a reliable market price were readily available. During the six-month period ended April 30, 2021, there were no material changes to the fair value methodologies.

Securities which may be valued in this manner include, but are not limited to: (i) a security for which trading has been halted or suspended; (ii) a debt security that has recently gone into default and for which there is not a current market quotation; (iii) a security of an issuer that has entered into a restructuring; (iv) a security that has been delisted from a national exchange; (v) a security for which the market price is not readily available from a third-party pricing source or, if so provided, does not, in the opinion of the Manager or the Subadvisor, reflect the security's market value; (vi) a security subject to trading collars for which no or limited trading takes place; and (vii) a security whose principal market has been temporarily closed at a time when, under normal conditions, it would be open. Securities valued in this manner are generally categorized as Level 3 in the hierarchy. No securities held by the Fund as of April 30, 2021 were fair valued in such a manner.

Certain securities held by the Fund may principally trade in foreign markets. Events may occur between the time the foreign markets close and the time at which the Fund's NAVs are calculated. These events may include, but are not limited to, situations relating to a single issuer in a market sector, significant fluctuations in U.S. or foreign markets, natural disasters, armed conflicts, governmental actions or other developments not tied directly to the securities markets. Should the Manager or the Subadvisor conclude that such events may have affected the accuracy of the last price of such securities reported on the local foreign market, the Subcommittee may, pursuant to procedures adopted by the Board, adjust the value of the local price to reflect the estimated impact on the price of such securities as a result of such events. In this instance, securities are generally categorized as Level 3 in the hierarchy. Additionally, certain foreign equity securities are also fair valued whenever the movement of a particular index exceeds certain thresholds. In such cases, the securities are fair valued by applying factors provided by a third-party vendor in accordance with valuation procedures adopted by the Board and are generally categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy. No foreign equity securities held by the Fund as of April 30, 2021 were fair valued in such a manner.

Equity securities are valued at the last quoted sales prices as of the close of regular trading on the relevant exchange on each valuation date. Securities that are not traded on the valuation date are valued at the mean of the last quoted bid and ask prices. Prices are normally taken from the principal market in which each security trades. These securities are generally categorized as Level 1 in the hierarchy.

Investments in mutual funds, including money market funds, are valued at their respective NAVs at the close of business each day on the valuation date. These securities are generally categorized as Level 1 in the hierarchy.

Temporary cash investments acquired in excess of 60 days to maturity at the time of purchase are valued using the latest bid prices or using valuations based on a matrix system (which considers such factors as security prices, yields, maturities and ratings), both as furnished by independent pricing services. Temporary cash investments that mature in 60 days or less at the time of purchase ("Short-Term Investments") are valued using the amortized cost method of valuation, unless the use of such method would be inappropriate. The amortized cost method involves valuing a security at its cost on the date of purchase and thereafter assuming a constant amortization to maturity of the difference between such cost and the value on maturity date. Amortized cost approximates the current fair value of a security. Securities valued using the amortized cost method are not valued using quoted prices in an active market and are generally categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy.

The information above is not intended to reflect an exhaustive list of the methodologies that may be used to value portfolio investments. The valuation procedures permit the use of a variety of valuation methodologies in connection with valuing portfolio investments. The methodology used for a specific type of investment may vary based on the market data available or other considerations. The methodologies

summarized above may not represent the specific means by which portfolio investments are valued on any particular business day.

(B) Income Taxes. The Fund's policy is to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Internal Revenue Code"), applicable to regulated investment companies and to distribute all of its taxable income to the shareholders of the Fund within the allowable time limits.

The Manager evaluates the Fund's tax positions to determine if the tax positions taken meet the minimum recognition threshold in connection with accounting for uncertainties in income tax positions taken or expected to be taken for the purposes of measuring and recognizing tax liabilities in the financial statements. Recognition of tax benefits of an uncertain tax position is permitted only to the extent the position is "more likely than not" to be sustained assuming examination by taxing authorities. The Manager analyzed the Fund's tax positions taken on federal, state and local income tax returns for all open tax years (for up to three tax years) and has concluded that no provisions for federal, state and local income tax are required in the Fund's financial statements. The Fund's federal, state and local income tax and federal excise tax returns for tax years for which the applicable statutes of limitations have not expired are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service and state and local departments of revenue.

(C) Foreign Taxes. The Fund may be subject to foreign taxes on income and other transaction-based taxes imposed by certain countries in which it invests. A portion of the taxes on gains on investments or currency purchases/repatriation may be reclaimable. The Fund will accrue such taxes and reclaims as applicable, based upon its current interpretation of tax rules and regulations that exist in the markets in which it invests.

The Fund may be subject to taxation on realized capital gains, repatriation proceeds and other transaction-based taxes imposed by certain countries in which it invests. The Fund will accrue such taxes as applicable based upon its current interpretation of tax rules and regulations that exist in the market in which it invests. Capital gains taxes relating to positions still held are reflected as a liability in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, as well as an adjustment to the Fund's net unrealized appreciation (depreciation). Taxes related to capital gains realized, if any, are reflected as part of net realized gain (loss) in the Statement of Operations. Changes in tax liabilities related to capital gains taxes on unrealized investment gains, if any, are reflected as part of the change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments in the Statement of Operations. Transaction-based charges are generally assessed as a percentage of the transaction amount.

(D) Dividends and Distributions to Shareholders. Dividends and distributions are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The Fund intends to declare and pay dividends from net investment income and distributions from net realized capital and currency gains, if any, at least annually. Unless a shareholder elects otherwise, all dividends and distributions are reinvested at NAV in the same class of shares of the Fund. Dividends and

Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited) (continued)

distributions to shareholders are determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations and may differ from determinations using GAAP.

(E) Security Transactions and Investment Income. The Fund records security transactions on the trade date. Realized gains and losses on security transactions are determined using the identified cost method. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date, net of any foreign tax withheld at the source, and interest income is accrued as earned using the effective interest rate method. Distributions received from real estate investment trusts may be classified as dividends, capital gains and/or return of capital.

Investment income and realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments of the Fund are allocated pro rata to the separate classes of shares based upon their relative net assets on the date the income is earned or realized and unrealized gains and losses are incurred.

(F) Expenses. Expenses of the Trust are allocated to the individual Funds in proportion to the net assets of the respective Funds when the expenses are incurred, except where direct allocations of expenses can be made. Expenses (other than transfer agent expenses and fees incurred under the shareholder services plans and/or the distribution plans further discussed in Note 3(B)) are allocated to separate classes of shares pro rata based upon their relative net assets on the date the expenses are incurred. The expenses borne by the Fund, including those of related parties to the Fund, are shown in the Statement of Operations.

Additionally, the Fund may invest in mutual funds, which are subject to management fees and other fees that may cause the costs of investing in mutual funds to be greater than the costs of owning the underlying securities directly. These indirect expenses of mutual funds are not included in the amounts shown as expenses in the Statement of Operations or in the expense ratios included in the Financial Highlights.

(G) Use of Estimates. In preparing financial statements in conformity with GAAP, the Manager makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

(H) Foreign Currency Transactions. The Fund's books and records are maintained in U.S. dollars. Prices of securities denominated in foreign currency amounts are translated into U.S. dollars at the mean between the buying and selling rates last quoted by any major U.S. bank at the following dates:

- (i) market value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities—at the valuation date; and
- (ii) purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses—at the date of such transactions.

The assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currency amounts are presented at the exchange rates and market values at the close of the period. The realized and unrealized changes in net assets arising from fluctuations in exchange rates and market prices of securities are not separately presented.

Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions represents net currency gains or losses realized as a result of differences between the amounts of securities sale proceeds or purchase cost, dividends, interest and withholding taxes as recorded on the Fund's books, and the U.S. dollar equivalent amount actually received or paid. Net currency gains or losses from valuing such foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities, other than investments at valuation date exchange rates, are reflected in unrealized foreign exchange gains or losses.

(I) Securities Lending. In order to realize additional income, the Fund may engage in securities lending, subject to the limitations set forth in the 1940 Act and relevant guidance by the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). If the Fund engages in securities lending, the Fund will lend through its custodian, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., ("JPMorgan"), acting as securities lending agent on behalf of the Fund. Under the current arrangement, JPMorgan will manage the Fund's collateral in accordance with the securities lending agency agreement between the Fund and JPMorgan, and indemnify the Fund against counterparty risk. The loans will be collateralized by cash (which may be invested in a money market fund) and/or non-cash collateral (which may include U.S. Treasury securities and/or U.S. government agency securities issued or guaranteed by the United States government or its agencies or instrumentalities) at least equal at all times to the market value of the securities loaned. The Fund bears the risk of delay in recovery of, or loss of rights in, the securities loaned. The Fund may also record a realized gain or loss on securities deemed sold due to a borrower's inability to return securities on loan. The Fund bears the risk of any loss on investment of cash collateral. The Fund will receive compensation for lending its securities in the form of fees or it will retain a portion of interest earned on the investment of any cash collateral. The Fund will also continue to receive interest and dividends on the securities loaned and any gain or loss in the market price of the securities loaned that may occur during the term of the loan will be for the account of the Fund. Income earned from securities lending activities, if any, is reflected in the Statement of Operations. Securities on loan as of April 30, 2021, are shown in the Portfolio of Investments.

Prior to November 23, 2020, these services were provided by State Street Bank and Trust Company ("State Street").

(J) Foreign Securities Risk. The ability of issuers of debt securities held by the Fund to meet their obligations may be affected by, among other things, economic or political developments in a specific country, industry or region. Debt securities are also subject to the risks associated with changes in interest rates. The Fund may invest in foreign securities, which carry certain risks that are in addition to the usual risks inherent in domestic securities. These risks include those resulting from currency fluctuations, future adverse political or economic developments and possible imposition of currency exchange blockages or other foreign governmental laws or restrictions. These risks are likely to be greater in emerging markets than in developed markets. The ability of issuers of debt securities held by the Fund to meet their obligations may be affected

by, among other things, economic or political developments in a specific country, industry or region.

(K) Indemnifications. Under the Trust's organizational documents, its officers and trustees are indemnified against certain liabilities that may arise out of performance of their duties to the Trust. Additionally, in the normal course of business, the Fund enters into contracts with third-party service providers that contain a variety of representations and warranties and that may provide general indemnifications. The Fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown, as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Fund that have not yet occurred. The Manager believes that the risk of loss in connection with these potential indemnification obligations is remote. However, there can be no assurance that material liabilities related to such obligations will not arise in the future, which could adversely impact the Fund.

Note 3—Fees and Related Party Transactions

(A) Manager and Subadvisors. New York Life Investments, a registered investment adviser and an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of New York Life Insurance Company ("New York Life"), serves as the Fund's Manager, pursuant to an Amended and Restated Management Agreement ("Management Agreement"). The Manager provides offices, conducts clerical, recordkeeping and bookkeeping services and keeps most of the financial and accounting records required to be maintained by the Fund. Except for the portion of salaries and expenses that are the responsibility of the Fund, the Manager pays the salaries and expenses of all personnel affiliated with the Fund and certain operational expenses of the Fund. The Fund reimburses New York Life Investments in an amount equal to the portion of the compensation of the Chief Compliance Officer attributable to the Fund. The Fund's subadvisor changed effective March 5, 2021 due to the termination of Markston and Epoch as the Fund's subadvisors and the appointment of Wellington Management Company LLP ("Wellington" or the "Subadvisor") as the Fund's subadvisor. Wellington, a registered investment adviser, is responsible for the day-to-day portfolio management of the Fund with respect to its allocated portion of the Fund's assets. Pursuant to the terms of a Subadvisory Agreement ("Subadvisory Agreement") between New York Life Investments and Wellington, New York Life Investments pays for the services of the Subadvisor.

Effective April 26, 2021, under the Management Agreement, the Fund pays the Manager a monthly fee for the services performed and the facilities furnished at an annual rate of the Fund's average daily net assets as follows: 0.66% on assets up to \$1 billion; 0.64% on assets from \$1 billion to \$3 billion; and 0.62% on assets over \$3 billion.

Effective April 26, 2021, New York Life Investments has contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses so that Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding taxes, interest, litigation, extraordinary expenses, brokerage and other transaction expenses relating to the purchase or sale of portfolio investments, and acquired (underlying) fund fees and expenses) for Class I shares do not exceed 0.70% of its average daily net assets. In addition, New York Life

Investments will waive fees and/or reimburse expenses so that Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding taxes, interest, litigation, extraordinary expenses, brokerage and other transaction expenses relating to the purchase or sale of portfolio investments, and acquired (underlying) fund fees and expenses) for Class R6 do not exceed those of Class I. This agreement will remain in effect until February 28, 2023, and shall renew automatically for one-year terms unless New York Life Investments provides written notice of termination prior to the start of the next term or upon approval of the Board.

Prior to April 26, 2021, the Fund paid the Manager a monthly fee for the services performed and the facilities furnished at an annual rate of the Fund's average daily net assets as follows: 0.75% up to \$1 billion; 0.70% from \$1 billion to \$3 billion; and 0.675% in excess of \$3 billion, plus a fee for fund accounting services previously provided by New York Life Investments under a separate fund accounting agreement furnished at an annual rate of the Fund's average daily net assets as follows: 0.05% up to \$20 million; 0.0333% from \$20 million to \$100 million; and 0.01% in excess of \$100 million. During the six-month period ended April 30, 2021, the effective management fee rate was 0.76%, inclusive of a fee for fund accounting services of 0.01% of the Fund's average daily net assets.

During the six-month period ended April 30, 2021, New York Life Investments earned fees from the Fund in the amount of \$3,847,125 and waived fees and/or reimbursed certain class specific expenses in the amount of \$985 and paid Markston, Epoch and Wellington \$1,382,527, \$640,225 and \$33,906, respectively.

JPMorgan provides sub-administration and sub-accounting services to the Fund pursuant to an agreement with New York Life Investments. These services include calculating the daily NAVs of the Fund, maintaining the general ledger and sub-ledger accounts for the calculation of the Fund's NAVs, and assisting New York Life Investments in conducting various aspects of the Fund's administrative operations. For providing these services to the Fund, JPMorgan is compensated by New York Life Investments.

Prior to November 23, 2020, these services were provided by State Street.

Pursuant to an agreement between the Trust and New York Life Investments, New York Life Investments is responsible for providing or procuring certain regulatory reporting services for the Fund. The Fund will reimburse New York Life Investments for the actual costs incurred by New York Life Investments in connection with providing or procuring these services for the Fund.

(B) Distribution and Service Fees. The Trust, on behalf of the Fund, has entered into a distribution agreement with NYLIFE Distributors LLC (the "Distributor"), an affiliate of New York Life Investments. The Fund has adopted distribution plans (the "Plans") in accordance with the provisions of Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act.

Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited) (continued)

Pursuant to the Class A, Investor Class and Class R2 Plans, the Distributor receives a monthly distribution fee from the Class A, Investor Class and Class R2 shares at an annual rate of 0.25% of the average daily net assets of the Class A, Investor Class and Class R2 shares for distribution and/or service activities as designated by the Distributor. Pursuant to the Class B and Class C Plans, Class B and Class C shares pay the Distributor a monthly distribution fee at an annual rate of 0.75% of the average daily net assets of the Class B and Class C shares, along with a service fee at an annual rate of 0.25% of the average daily net assets of the Class B and Class C shares, for a total 12b-1 fee of 1.00%. Pursuant to the Class R3 Plan, Class R3 shares pay the Distributor a monthly fee at an annual rate of 0.25% of the average daily net assets of the Class R3 shares, along with a service fee at an annual rate of 0.25% of the average daily net assets of the Class R3 shares, for a total 12b-1 fee of 0.50%. Class I and Class R1 shares are not subject to a distribution and/or service fee.

The Plans provide that the distribution and service fees are payable to the Distributor regardless of the amounts actually expended by the Distributor for distribution of the Fund's shares and service activities.

In accordance with the Shareholder Services Plans for the Class R1, Class R2 and Class R3 shares, the Manager has agreed to provide, through its affiliates or independent third parties, various shareholder and administrative support services to shareholders of the Class R1, Class R2 and Class R3 shares. For its services, the Manager, its affiliates or independent third-party service providers are entitled to a shareholder service fee accrued daily and paid monthly at an annual rate of 0.10% of the average daily net assets of the Class R1, Class R2 and Class R3 shares. This is in addition to any fees paid under the Class R2 and Class R3 Plans.

During the six-month period ended April 30, 2021, shareholder service fees incurred by the Fund were as follows:

Class R1	\$ 23
Class R2	431
Class R3	686

(C) Sales Charges. The Fund was advised by the Distributor that the amount of initial sales charges retained on sales of Class A and Investor Class shares during the six-month period ended April 30, 2021, were \$12,158 and \$6,297, respectively.

The Fund was also advised that the Distributor retained CDSCs on redemptions of Class A and Investor Class shares during the six-month period ended April 30, 2021, of \$17 and \$1, respectively.

(D) Transfer, Dividend Disbursing and Shareholder Servicing Agent. NYLIM Service Company LLC, an affiliate of New York Life Investments, is the Fund's transfer, dividend disbursing and shareholder servicing agent pursuant to an agreement between NYLIM Service Company LLC and the Trust. NYLIM Service Company LLC has entered into an agreement with DST Asset Manager Solutions, Inc. ("DST"), pursuant to which DST performs certain transfer agent services on behalf of NYLIM Service Company LLC. New York Life Investments has contractually agreed to limit the transfer agency expenses charged to the Fund's share classes to a maximum of 0.35% of that share class's average daily net assets on an annual basis after deducting any applicable Fund or class-level expense reimbursement or small account fees. This agreement will remain in effect until February 28, 2022, and shall renew automatically for one-year terms unless New York Life Investments provides written notice of termination prior to the start of the next term or upon approval of the Board. During the six-month period ended April 30, 2021, transfer agent expenses incurred by the Fund and any reimbursements, pursuant to the aforementioned Transfer Agency expense limitation agreement, were as follows:

Class	Expense	Waived
Class A	\$105,826	\$—
Investor Class	125,468	—
Class B	26,391	—
Class C	25,460	—
Class I	97,839	—
Class R1	11	—
Class R2	195	—
Class R3	310	—
Class R6	152	—

(E) Small Account Fee. Shareholders with small accounts adversely impact the cost of providing transfer agency services. In an effort to reduce total transfer agency expenses, the Fund has implemented a small account fee on certain types of accounts. As described in the Fund's prospectus, certain shareholders with an account balance of less than \$1,000 (\$5,000 for Class A share accounts) are charged an annual per account fee of \$20 (assessed semi-annually), the proceeds from which offset transfer agent fees as reflected in the Statement of Operations. This small account fee will not apply to certain types of accounts as described further in the Fund's prospectus.

(F) Investments in Affiliates (in 000's). During the six-month period ended April 30, 2021, purchases and sales transactions, income earned from investments and shares held of investment companies managed by New York Life Investments or its affiliates were as follows:

Affiliated Investment Companies	Value, Beginning of Period	Purchases at Cost	Proceeds from Sales	Net Realized Gain/(Loss) on Sales	Change in Unrealized Appreciation/(Depreciation)	Value, End of Period	Dividend Income	Other Distributions	Shares End of Period
MainStay U.S. Government Liquidity Fund	\$ 5,057	\$ 134,116	\$ (131,099)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 8,074	\$ —(a)	\$ —	8,074

(a) Less than \$500.

(G) Capital. As of April 30, 2021, New York Life and its affiliates beneficially held shares of the Fund with the values and percentages of net assets as follows:

Class R6	\$25,125	0.0%‡
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‡ Less than one-tenth of a percent.

Note 4-Federal Income Tax

As of April 30, 2021, the cost and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of the Fund's investment portfolio, including applicable derivative contracts and other financial instruments, as determined on a federal income tax basis, were as follows:

	Federal Tax Cost	Gross Unrealized Appreciation	Gross Unrealized Depreciation	Net Unrealized Appreciation/Depreciation
Investments	\$958,623,728	\$133,750,329	\$(7,855,131)	\$125,895,198

During the year ended October 31, 2020, the tax character of distributions paid as reflected in the Statements of Changes in Net Assets was as follows:

	2020
Distributions paid from:	
Ordinary Income	\$ 7,936,116
Long-Term Capital Gains	77,313,368
Total	\$85,249,484

Note 5-Custodian

JPMorgan is the custodian of cash and securities held by the Fund. Custodial fees are charged to the Fund based on the Fund's net assets and/or the market value of securities held by the Fund and the number of certain transactions incurred by the Fund.

Prior to November 23, 2020, these services were provided by State Street. The services provided by State Street were a direct expense of the Fund and are included in the Statement of Operations as Custodian fees which totaled \$1,731 for the period November 1, 2020 through November 22, 2020.

Note 6-Line of Credit

The Fund and certain other funds managed by New York Life Investments maintain a line of credit with a syndicate of banks in order to secure a source of funds for temporary purposes to meet unanticipated or excessive redemption requests.

Effective July 28, 2020, under the credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), the aggregate commitment amount is \$600,000,000 with an additional uncommitted amount of \$100,000,000. The commitment fee is an annual rate of 0.15% of the average commitment amount payable quarterly, regardless of usage, to JPMorgan, who serves as the agent to the syndicate. The commitment fee is allocated among the Fund and certain other funds managed by New York Life Investments based upon their respective net assets and other factors. Interest on any revolving credit loan is charged based upon the Federal Funds Rate or the one-month London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), whichever is higher. The Credit Agreement expires on July 27, 2021, although the Fund, certain other funds managed by New York Life Investments and the syndicate of banks may renew the Credit Agreement for an additional year on the same or different terms or enter into a credit agreement with a different syndicate of banks. Prior to July 28, 2020, the aggregate commitment amount and the commitment fee were the same as those under the current Credit Agreement, but State Street served as agent to the syndicate. During the six-month period ended April 30, 2021, there were no borrowings made or outstanding with respect to the Fund under the Credit Agreement or the credit agreement for which State Street served as agent.

Note 7-Interfund Lending Program

Pursuant to an exemptive order issued by the SEC, the Fund, along with certain other funds managed by New York Life Investments, may participate in an interfund lending program. The interfund lending program provides an alternative credit facility that permits the Fund and certain other funds managed by New York Life Investments to lend or borrow money for temporary purposes directly to or from one another, subject to the conditions of the exemptive order. During the six-month period ended April 30, 2021, there were no interfund loans made or outstanding with respect to the Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited) (continued)

Note 8—Purchases and Sales of Securities (in 000's)

During the six-month period ended April 30, 2021, purchases and sales of securities, other than short-term securities, were \$70,182 and \$216,677, respectively.

Note 9—Capital Share Transactions

Transactions in capital shares for the six-month period ended April 30, 2021 and the year ended October 31, 2020, were as follows:

Class A	Shares	Amount
Period ended April 30, 2021:		
Shares sold	234,352	\$ 10,956,932
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	356,089	15,628,734
Shares redeemed	(819,985)	(38,436,672)
Net increase (decrease) in shares outstanding before conversion	(229,544)	(11,851,006)
Shares converted into Class A (See Note 1)	442,983	20,465,549
Shares converted from Class A (See Note 1)	(1,905)	(83,162)
Net increase (decrease)	211,534	\$ 8,531,381
Year ended October 31, 2020:		
Shares sold	529,300	\$ 20,239,103
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	843,190	33,837,200
Shares redeemed	(1,951,518)	(74,696,185)
Net increase (decrease) in shares outstanding before conversion	(579,028)	(20,619,882)
Shares converted into Class A (See Note 1)	339,901	13,474,760
Shares converted from Class A (See Note 1)	(7,078)	(251,232)
Net increase (decrease)	(246,205)	\$ (7,396,354)

Investor Class	Shares	Amount
Period ended April 30, 2021:		
Shares sold	26,524	\$ 1,234,160
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	61,674	2,707,491
Shares redeemed	(83,015)	(3,869,318)
Net increase (decrease) in shares outstanding before conversion	5,183	72,333
Shares converted into Investor Class (See Note 1)	20,850	984,580
Shares converted from Investor Class (See Note 1)	(393,049)	(18,120,239)
Net increase (decrease)	(367,016)	\$ (17,063,326)
Year ended October 31, 2020:		
Shares sold	96,681	\$ 3,654,326
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	160,931	6,462,976
Shares redeemed	(196,367)	(7,659,132)
Net increase (decrease) in shares outstanding before conversion	61,245	2,458,170
Shares converted into Investor Class (See Note 1)	47,537	1,774,854
Shares converted from Investor Class (See Note 1)	(261,205)	(10,496,913)
Net increase (decrease)	(152,423)	\$ (6,263,889)

Class B	Shares	Amount
Period ended April 30, 2021:		
Shares sold	4,260	\$ 169,271
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	15,616	589,371
Shares redeemed	(36,669)	(1,462,090)
Net increase (decrease) in shares outstanding before conversion	(16,793)	(703,448)
Shares converted from Class B (See Note 1)	(49,367)	(1,973,037)
Net increase (decrease)	(66,160)	\$ (2,676,485)
Year ended October 31, 2020:		
Shares sold	9,341	\$ 302,019
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	51,808	1,806,015
Shares redeemed	(100,807)	(3,293,066)
Net increase (decrease) in shares outstanding before conversion	(39,658)	(1,185,032)
Shares converted from Class B (See Note 1)	(113,870)	(3,737,122)
Net increase (decrease)	(153,528)	\$ (4,922,154)

Class C	Shares	Amount
Period ended April 30, 2021:		
Shares sold	5,851	\$ 236,319
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	15,311	577,993
Shares redeemed	(137,782)	(5,676,312)
Net increase (decrease) in shares outstanding before conversion	(116,620)	(4,862,000)
Shares converted from Class C (See Note 1)	(32,913)	(1,346,848)
Net increase (decrease)	(149,533)	\$ (6,208,848)
Year ended October 31, 2020:		
Shares sold	48,129	\$ 1,523,344
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	52,580	1,833,460
Shares redeemed	(275,982)	(9,304,419)
Net increase (decrease) in shares outstanding before conversion	(175,273)	(5,947,615)
Shares converted from Class C (See Note 1)	(25,291)	(816,851)
Net increase (decrease)	(200,564)	\$ (6,764,466)

Class I	Shares	Amount
Period ended April 30, 2021:		
Shares sold	93,131	\$ 4,493,177
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	369,174	16,808,484
Shares redeemed	(2,388,293)	(115,146,818)
Net increase (decrease) in shares outstanding before conversion	(1,925,988)	(93,845,157)
Shares converted into Class I (See Note 1)	1,629	73,157
Shares converted from Class I (See Note 1)	(6,419,247)	(345,548,082)
Net increase (decrease)	(8,343,606)	\$(439,320,082)
Year ended October 31, 2020:		
Shares sold	991,315	\$ 30,868,280
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	938,246	38,993,531
Shares redeemed	(2,929,764)	(119,324,440)
Net increase (decrease) in shares outstanding before conversion	(1,000,203)	(49,462,629)
Shares converted into Class I (See Note 1)	1,177	52,504
Net increase (decrease)	(999,026)	\$ (49,410,125)

Class R1	Shares	Amount
Period ended April 30, 2021:		
Shares sold	12	\$ 548
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	38	1,674
Net increase (decrease)	50	\$ 2,222
Year ended October 31, 2020:		
Shares sold	58	\$ 2,266
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	73	2,963
Net increase (decrease)	131	\$ 5,229

Class R2	Shares	Amount
Period ended April 30, 2021:		
Shares sold	752	\$ 35,138
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	593	26,226
Shares redeemed	(570)	(25,856)
Net increase (decrease)	775	\$ 35,508
Year ended October 31, 2020:		
Shares sold	2,112	\$ 80,909
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	1,445	58,398
Shares redeemed	(3,897)	(155,577)
Net increase (decrease)	(340)	\$ (16,270)

Class R3	Shares	Amount
Period ended April 30, 2021:		
Shares sold	783	\$ 36,124
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	2,181	95,950
Shares redeemed	(43,846)	(1,941,456)
Net increase (decrease)	(40,882)	\$ (1,809,382)
Year ended October 31, 2020:		
Shares sold	8,700	\$ 326,941
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	4,589	184,724
Shares redeemed	(6,220)	(240,174)
Net increase (decrease)	7,069	\$ 271,491

Class R6^(a)	Shares	Amount
Period ended April 30, 2021:		
Shares sold	465	\$ 25,000
Net increase (decrease) in shares outstanding before conversion	465	25,000
Shares converted into Class R6 (See Note 1)	6,419,247	345,548,082
Net increase (decrease)	6,419,712	\$ 345,573,082

(a) The inception of the class was April 26, 2021.

Note 10—Recent Accounting Pronouncement

In March 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update 2020-04 (“ASU 2020-04”), which provides optional guidance to ease the potential accounting burden associated with transitioning away from LIBOR and other reference rates that are expected to be discontinued. ASU 2020-04 was effective immediately upon release of the update on March 12, 2020 and remains effective through December 31, 2022. At this time, the Manager is evaluating the implications of certain other provisions of ASU 2020-04 related to new disclosure requirements and any impact on the financial statement disclosures has not yet been determined.

Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited) (continued)

Note 11—Other Matters

An outbreak of COVID-19, first detected in December 2019, has developed into a global pandemic and has resulted in travel restrictions, closure of international borders, certain businesses and securities markets, restrictions on securities trading activities, prolonged quarantines, supply chain disruptions, and lower consumer demand, as well as general concern and uncertainty. The continued impact of COVID-19 is uncertain and could further adversely affect the global economy, national economies, individual issuers and capital markets in unforeseeable ways and result in a substantial and extended economic downturn. Developments that disrupt global economies and financial markets, such as COVID-19, may magnify factors that affect the Fund's performance.

Note 12—Subsequent Events

In connection with the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund as of and for the six-month period ended April 30, 2021, events and transactions subsequent to April 30, 2021, through the date the financial statements were issued have been evaluated by the Manager for possible adjustment and/or disclosure. No subsequent events requiring financial statement adjustment or disclosure have been identified.

Board Consideration and Approval of Management Agreement and Subadvisory Agreements (Unaudited)

The continuation of the Management Agreement with respect to the MainStay WMC Value Fund (formerly known as the MainStay MAP Equity Fund) (“Fund”) and New York Life Investment Management LLC (“New York Life Investments”) and the Subadvisory Agreements between New York Life Investments and each of Epoch Investment Partners, Inc. (“Epoch”) and Markston International LLC (“Markston”) with respect to the Fund (collectively, “Advisory Agreements”), following an initial term of up to two years, is subject to annual review and approval by the Board of Trustees of The MainStay Funds (“Board” of the “Trust”) in accordance with Section 15 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (“1940 Act”). At its December 9–10, 2020 meeting, the Board, including the Trustees who are not an “interested person” (as such term is defined in the 1940 Act) of the Trust (“Independent Trustees”) voting separately, unanimously approved the continuation of each of the Advisory Agreements for a one-year period.

In reaching the decision to approve the continuation of each of the Advisory Agreements, the Board considered information furnished by New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston in connection with an annual contract review process undertaken by the Board that took place at meetings of the Board and its Contracts Committee during September 2020 through December 2020, as well as other information furnished to the Board and its Committees throughout the year, as deemed relevant by the Trustees. Information requested by and furnished to the Board for consideration in connection with the contract review process included, among other items, reports on the Fund and “peer funds” prepared by Strategic Insight Mutual Fund Research and Consulting, LLC (“Strategic Insight”), an independent third-party service provider engaged by the Board to report objectively on the Fund’s investment performance, management fee and total expenses. The Board also considered information on the fees charged to other investment advisory clients of New York Life Investments, Epoch and/or Markston that follow investment strategies similar to those of the Fund, if any, and, when applicable, the rationale for any differences in the Fund’s management and subadvisory fees and the fees charged to those other investment advisory clients. In addition, the Board considered information furnished by New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston in response to requests prepared on behalf of the Board, and in consultation with the Independent Trustees, by independent legal counsel to the Independent Trustees, which encompassed a variety of topics, including those summarized below.

The Board took into account information provided in connection with its meetings throughout the year, including, among other items, information regarding the legal standards and fiduciary obligations applicable to its consideration of the continuation of each of the Advisory Agreements and investment performance reports on the Fund as well as presentations from New York Life Investments and Epoch personnel. The Board also took into account other information received from New York Life Investments throughout the year, including, among other items, periodic reports on legal and compliance matters, risk management, portfolio turnover, brokerage commissions and non-advisory services provided to the Fund by New York Life Investments. The contract review process, including the structure and format for materials provided to the Board,

has been developed in consultation with the Board. The Independent Trustees also met in executive sessions with their independent legal counsel and, for a portion thereof, with senior management of New York Life Investments.

In addition to information provided to the Board throughout the year, the Board received information in connection with its June 2020 meeting provided specifically in response to requests prepared on behalf of the Board, and in consultation with the Independent Trustees, by independent legal counsel regarding the Fund’s distribution arrangements. In addition, the Board received information regarding the Fund’s asset levels, share purchase and redemption activity and the payment of Rule 12b-1 and/or other fees by applicable share classes of the Fund, among other information.

In considering the continuation of each of the Advisory Agreements, the Trustees reviewed and evaluated the information and factors they believed to reasonably be necessary and appropriate in light of legal advice furnished to them by independent legal counsel and through the exercise of their own business judgment. Although individual Trustees may have weighed certain factors or information differently, the factors considered by the Board are described in greater detail below and include, among other factors: (i) the nature, extent and quality of the services provided to the Fund by New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston; (ii) the qualifications of the portfolio managers of the Fund and the historical investment performance of the Fund, New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston; (iii) the costs of the services provided, and profits realized, by New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston from their relationships with the Fund; (iv) the extent to which economies of scale have been realized or may be realized as the Fund grows and the extent to which economies of scale have benefited or may benefit the Fund’s shareholders; and (v) the reasonableness of the Fund’s management and subadvisory fees and total ordinary operating expenses. Although the Board recognized that comparisons between the Fund’s fees and expenses and those of other funds are imprecise given different terms of agreements, variations in fund strategies and other factors, the Board considered the reasonableness of the Fund’s management fee and total ordinary operating expenses as compared to the peer funds identified by Strategic Insight. Throughout their considerations, the Trustees acknowledged the commitment of New York Life Investments and its affiliates to serve the MainStay Group of Funds, as well as their capacity, experience, resources, financial stability and reputations. The Trustees also acknowledged the entrepreneurial and other risks assumed by New York Life Investments in sponsoring and managing the Fund.

The Trustees noted that, throughout the year, the Trustees are afforded an opportunity to ask questions of, and request additional information or materials from, New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston. The Board’s decision with respect to each of the Advisory Agreements may have also been based, in part, on the Board’s knowledge of New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston resulting from, among other things, the Board’s consideration of each of the Advisory Agreements in prior years, the advisory agreements for other funds in the MainStay Group of Funds, the Board’s review throughout the year of the performance and

Board Consideration and Approval of Management Agreement and Subadvisory Agreements (Unaudited) (continued)

operations of other funds in the MainStay Group of Funds and each Trustee's business judgment and industry experience. In addition to considering the above-referenced factors, the Board observed that in the marketplace there are a range of investment options available to the Fund's shareholders and such shareholders, having had the opportunity to consider other investment options, have chosen to invest in the Fund.

The factors that figured prominently in the Board's decision to approve the continuation of each of the Advisory Agreements during its December 9–10, 2020 meeting are summarized in more detail below, and the Board did not consider any factor or information controlling in reaching such decision.

Nature, Extent and Quality of Services Provided by New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston

The Board examined the nature, extent and quality of the services that New York Life Investments provides to the Fund. The Board evaluated New York Life Investments' experience and capabilities in serving as manager of the Fund and considered that the Fund operates in a "manager-of-managers" structure. The Board also considered New York Life Investments' responsibilities and services provided pursuant to this structure, including evaluating the performance of Epoch and Markston, making recommendations to the Board as to whether the Subadvisory Agreements should be renewed, modified or terminated and periodically reporting to the Board regarding the results of New York Life Investments' evaluation and monitoring functions. The Board noted that New York Life Investments manages other mutual funds, serves a variety of other investment advisory clients, including other pooled investment vehicles, and has experience overseeing mutual fund service providers, including subadvisors. The Board considered the experience of senior personnel at New York Life Investments providing management and administrative and other non-advisory services to the Fund as well as New York Life Investments' reputation and financial condition. The Board observed that New York Life Investments devotes significant resources and time to providing management and non-advisory services to the Fund, including New York Life Investments' supervision and due diligence reviews of Epoch and Markston and ongoing analysis of, and interactions with, Epoch and Markston with respect to, among other things, the Fund's investment performance and risks as well as Epoch's and Markston's investment capabilities and subadvisory services with respect to the Fund.

The Board also considered the range of services that New York Life Investments provides to the Fund under the terms of the Management Agreement, including: (i) fund accounting and ongoing supervisory services provided by New York Life Investments' Fund Administration and Accounting Group; (ii) investment supervisory and analytical services provided by New York Life Investments' Investment Consulting Group; (iii) compliance services provided by the Trust's Chief Compliance Officer as well as New York Life Investments' compliance department, including supervision and implementation of the Fund's compliance program; (iv) legal services provided by New York Life Investments' Office of the General Counsel; and (v) risk management monitoring and analysis by

compliance and investment personnel. The Board noted that New York Life Investments provides certain other non-advisory services to the Fund. In addition, the Board considered New York Life Investments' willingness to invest in personnel, infrastructure, technology, operational enhancements, cyber security, information security, shareholder privacy resources and business continuity planning designed to benefit the Fund and noted that New York Life Investments is responsible for compensating the Trust's officers, except for a portion of the salary of the Trust's Chief Compliance Officer. The Board recognized that New York Life Investments has provided an increasingly broad array of non-advisory services to the MainStay Group of Funds as a result of regulatory and other developments, including in connection with the designation of New York Life Investments as the administrator of the MainStay Group of Funds' liquidity risk management program adopted under the 1940 Act. The Board considered benefits to shareholders from being part of the MainStay Group of Funds, including the privilege of exchanging investments between the same class of shares of funds in the MainStay Group of Funds, including without the imposition of a sales charge (if any).

The Board also examined the nature, extent and quality of the investment advisory services that Epoch and Markston provide to the Fund and considered the terms of each of the Advisory Agreements. The Board evaluated Epoch's and Markston's experience in serving as subadvisor to the Fund and advising other portfolios and Epoch's and Markston's track records and experience in providing investment advisory services, the experience of investment advisory, senior management and administrative personnel at Epoch and Markston and New York Life Investments', Epoch's and Markston's overall resources, legal and compliance environment, capabilities and history. In addition to information provided in connection with quarterly meetings with the Trust's Chief Compliance Officer, the Board considered information regarding the compliance policies and procedures of New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston and acknowledged their commitment to further developing and strengthening compliance programs relating to the Fund. The Board reviewed Epoch's and Markston's ability to attract and retain qualified investment professionals and willingness to invest in personnel to service and support the Fund. In this regard, the Board considered the experience of the Fund's portfolio managers, the number of accounts managed by the portfolio managers and the method for compensating the portfolio managers.

In addition, the Board considered discussions with New York Life Investments regarding the implementation of its business continuity plans and recognized steps taken by New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston to continue to provide the same nature, extent and quality of services to the Fund during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Based on these considerations, the Board concluded that the Fund would likely continue to benefit from the nature, extent and quality of these services.

Investment Performance

In evaluating the Fund's investment performance, the Board considered investment performance results over various periods in light of the Fund's investment objective, strategies and risks. The Board considered investment reports on, and analysis of, the Fund's performance provided to the Board throughout the year. These reports include, among other items, information on the Fund's gross and net returns, the Fund's investment performance compared to relevant investment categories and the Fund's benchmarks, the Fund's risk-adjusted investment performance and the Fund's investment performance as compared to peer funds, as appropriate, as well as portfolio attribution information and commentary on the effect of market conditions. The Board also considered information provided by Strategic Insight showing the investment performance of the Fund as compared to peer funds.

The Board also gave weight to its discussions with senior management at New York Life Investments concerning the Fund's investment performance attributable to Epoch and Markston as well as discussions between the Fund's portfolio managers and the members of the Board's Investment Committee, which generally occur on an annual basis. In addition, the Board considered any specific actions that New York Life Investments, Epoch or Markston had taken, or had agreed to take, to seek to enhance Fund investment performance and the results of those actions. In considering the investment performance of the Fund, the Board noted that the Fund underperformed its peer funds for the one-, three-, five- and ten-year periods ended July 31, 2020. The Board considered its discussions with representatives from New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston regarding the Fund's investment performance.

Based on these considerations, the Board concluded that its review of the Fund's investment performance and related information supported a determination to approve the continuation of each of the Advisory Agreements.

Costs of the Services Provided, and Profits Realized, by New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston

The Board considered the costs of the services provided under each of the Advisory Agreements. The Board also considered the profits realized by New York Life Investments and its affiliates and Epoch and Markston due to their relationships with the Fund. The Board considered that Epoch's and Markston's subadvisory fee had been negotiated at arm's-length by New York Life Investments and that this fee is paid by New York Life Investments, not the Fund, and the relevance of Epoch's and Markston's profitability was considered by the Trustees in that context. On this basis, the Board primarily considered the costs and profitability for New York Life Investments and its affiliates with respect to the Fund.

In addition, the Board acknowledged the difficulty in obtaining reliable comparative data about mutual fund managers' profitability because such information generally is not publicly available and may be impacted by numerous factors, including the structure of a fund manager's

organization, the types of funds it manages, the methodology used to allocate certain fixed costs to specific funds and the manager's capital structure and costs of capital.

In evaluating the costs of the services provided by New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston and profits realized by New York Life Investments and its affiliates and Epoch and Markston, the Board considered, among other factors, each party's continuing investments in, or willingness to invest in, personnel, systems, equipment and other resources and infrastructure to support and further enhance the management of the Fund, and that New York Life Investments is responsible for paying the subadvisory fees for the Fund. The Board also considered the financial resources of New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston and acknowledged that New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston must be in a position to attract and retain experienced professional personnel and to maintain a strong financial position for New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston to continue to provide high-quality services to the Fund. The Board recognized that the Fund benefits from the allocation of certain fixed costs among the funds in the MainStay Group of Funds, among other expected benefits resulting from its relationship with New York Life Investments.

The Board considered information regarding New York Life Investments' methodology for calculating profitability and allocating costs provided by New York Life Investments in connection with the fund profitability analysis presented to the Board. The Board previously engaged an independent consultant to review the methods used to allocate costs among the funds in the MainStay Group of Funds. The Board noted that the independent consultant had concluded that New York Life Investments' methods for allocating costs and procedures for estimating overall profitability of the relationship with the funds in the MainStay Group of Funds are reasonable and that New York Life Investments continued to use the same method of calculating profit and allocating costs since the independent consultant's review. The Board recognized the difficulty in calculating and evaluating a manager's profitability with respect to the Fund and noted that other profitability methodologies may also be reasonable.

The Board also considered certain fall-out benefits that may be realized by New York Life Investments and its affiliates due to their relationships with the Fund, including reputational and other indirect benefits. The Board recognized, for example, the benefits to Markston from legally permitted "soft-dollar" arrangements by which brokers provide research and other services to Markston in exchange for commissions paid by the Fund with respect to trades on the Fund's portfolio securities. In this regard, the Board also requested and received information from New York Life Investments concerning other material business relationships between each of Epoch and Markston and its affiliates and New York Life Investments and its affiliates. In addition, the Board considered its review of a money market fund advised by New York Life Investments and an affiliated subadvisor that serves as an investment option for the Fund, including the potential rationale for and costs associated with investments in this money market fund by the Fund, if any, and considered information from New York Life Investments that the nature and type of specific

Board Consideration and Approval of Management Agreement and Subadvisory Agreements (Unaudited) (continued)

investment advisory services provided to this money market fund are distinct from, or in addition to, the investment advisory services provided to the Fund.

The Board observed that, in addition to fees earned by New York Life Investments for managing the Fund, New York Life Investments' affiliates also earn revenues from serving the Fund in various other capacities, including as the Fund's transfer agent and distributor. The Board considered information about these other revenues and their impact on the profitability of the relationship with the Fund to New York Life Investments and its affiliates. The Board noted that, although it assessed the overall profitability of the Fund to New York Life Investments and its affiliates as part of the contract review process, when considering the reasonableness of the fee paid to New York Life Investments and its affiliates under the Management Agreement, the Board considered the profitability of New York Life Investments' relationship with the Fund on a pre-tax basis and without regard to distribution expenses incurred by New York Life Investments from its own resources.

After evaluating the information deemed relevant by the Trustees, the Board concluded that any profits realized by New York Life Investments and its affiliates due to their relationships with the Fund were not excessive. With respect to Epoch and Markston, the Board considered that any profits realized by each of Epoch and Markston due to its relationship with the Fund are the result of arm's-length negotiations between New York Life Investments and each of Epoch and Markston, acknowledging that any such profits are based on the subadvisory fee paid to Epoch and Markston by New York Life Investments, not the Fund.

Management and Subadvisory Fees and Total Ordinary Operating Expenses

The Board evaluated the reasonableness of the fee paid under each of the Advisory Agreements and the Fund's total ordinary operating expenses. The Board primarily considered the reasonableness of the management fee paid by the Fund to New York Life Investments, because the subadvisory fees paid to Epoch and Markston are paid by New York Life Investments, not the Fund. The Board also considered the reasonableness of the subadvisory fees paid by New York Life Investments and the amount of the management fee retained by New York Life Investments.

In assessing the reasonableness of the Fund's fees and expenses, the Board primarily considered comparative data provided by Strategic Insight on the fees and expenses charged by similar mutual funds managed by other investment advisers. In addition, the Board considered information provided by New York Life Investments, Epoch and Markston on fees charged to other investment advisory clients, including institutional separate accounts and/or other funds that follow investment strategies similar to those of the Fund, if any. The Board considered the similarities and differences in the contractual management fee schedules of the Fund and these similarly-managed accounts and/or funds, taking into account the rationale for any differences in fee schedules. The Board also took into account explanations provided by New York Life Investments about

the more extensive scope of services provided to registered investment companies, such as the Fund, as compared with other investment advisory clients. Additionally, the Board considered the impact of contractual breakpoints, voluntary waivers and expense limitation arrangements on the Fund's net management fee and expenses. The Board also considered that in proposing fees for the Fund, New York Life Investments considers the competitive marketplace for mutual funds.

The Board noted that, outside of the Fund's management fee and the fees charged under a share class's Rule 12b-1 and/or shareholder services plans, a share class's most significant "other expenses" are transfer agent fees. Transfer agent fees are charged to the Fund based on the number of shareholder accounts (a "per-account" fee). The Board took into account information from New York Life Investments regarding the reasonableness of the Fund's transfer agent fee schedule, including industry data demonstrating that the per-account fees that NYLIM Service Company LLC, an affiliate of New York Life Investments and the Fund's transfer agent, charges the Fund are within the range of per-account fees charged by transfer agents to other mutual funds. In addition, the Board considered NYLIM Service Company LLC's profitability in connection with the transfer agent services it provides to the Fund. The Board also took into account information received from NYLIM Service Company LLC regarding the sub-transfer agency payments it made to intermediaries in connection with the provision of sub-transfer agency services to the Fund.

The Board considered that, because the Fund's transfer agent fees are billed on a per-account basis, the impact of transfer agent fees on a share class's expense ratio may be more significant in cases where the share class has a high number of small accounts. The Board considered the extent to which transfer agent fees comprised total expenses of the Fund. The Board acknowledged the role that the MainStay Group of Funds historically has played in serving the investment needs of New York Life Insurance Company customers, who often maintain smaller account balances than other shareholders of funds, and the impact of small accounts on the expense ratios of Fund share classes. The Board also recognized measures that it and New York Life Investments have taken to mitigate the effect of small accounts on the expense ratios of Fund share classes, including through the imposition of an expense limitation on net transfer agency expenses. The Board noted that, for purposes of allocating transfer agency fees and expenses, each retail fund in the MainStay Group of Funds combines the shareholder accounts of its Class A, A2, I, R1, R2 and R3 shares (as applicable) into one group and the shareholder accounts of its Investor Class, SIMPLE Class and Class B, C and C2 shares (as applicable) into another group. The Board also noted that the per-account fees attributable to each group of share classes is then allocated among the constituent share classes based on relative net assets and that a MainStay Fund's Class R6 shares, if any, are not combined with any other share class for this purpose. The Board considered New York Life Investments' rationale with respect to these groupings and previously received a report from an independent

consultant engaged to conduct comparative analysis of these groupings. The Board also considered that NYLIM Service Company LLC had waived its contractual cost of living adjustments during the past seven years.

Based on the factors outlined above, the Board concluded that the Fund's management fee and total ordinary operating expenses were within a range that is competitive and support a conclusion that these fees and expenses are reasonable.

Economies of Scale

The Board considered information regarding economies of scale, including whether the Fund's expense structure permits economies of scale to be appropriately shared with the Fund's shareholders. The Board also considered a report from New York Life Investments, previously prepared at the request of the Board, that addressed economies of scale, including with respect to the mutual fund business generally and the various ways in which the benefits of economies of scale may be shared with the funds in the MainStay Group of Funds. Although the Board recognized the difficulty of determining economies of scale with precision, the Board acknowledged that economies of scale may be shared with the Fund in a number of ways, including, for example, through the imposition of management fee breakpoints, initially setting management fee rates at scale or making additional investments to enhance services. The Board reviewed information from New York Life Investments showing how the Fund's management fee schedule compared to fee schedules of other funds and accounts managed by New York Life Investments. The Board also reviewed information from Strategic Insight showing how the Fund's management fee schedule compared with fees paid for similar services by peer funds at varying asset levels.

Based on this information, the Board concluded that economies of scale are appropriately reflected for the benefit of the Fund's shareholders through the Fund's expense structure and other methods to share benefits from economies of scale.

Conclusion

On the basis of the information and factors summarized above, among other information and factors deemed relevant by the Trustees, and the evaluation thereof, the Board, including the Independent Trustees voting separately, unanimously voted to approve the continuation of each of the Advisory Agreements.

Board consideration and Approval of Subadvisory Agreement with Wellington Management Company LLP (Unaudited)

The Subadvisory Agreement between New York Life Investment Management LLC (“New York Life Investments”) and Wellington Management Company LLP (“Wellington”) with respect to the MainStay WMC Value Fund (formerly known as the MainStay MAP Equity Fund) (“Fund”) (“New Subadvisory Agreement”), must be approved initially and, following an initial term of up to two years, is subject to annual review and approval by the Board of Trustees of The MainStay Funds (“Board” of the “Trust”) in accordance with Section 15 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (“1940 Act”). At its February 3, 2021 meeting, the Board, including the Trustees who are not an “interested person” (as such term is defined in the 1940 Act) of the Trust (“Independent Trustees”) voting separately, unanimously approved the New Subadvisory Agreement for an initial two-year period.

At meetings held on January 21, January 25 and February 3, 2021, the Board considered and approved New York Life Investments’ recommendations to appoint Wellington as the subadvisor to the Fund, to approve the New Subadvisory Agreement, to approve the related changes to the Fund’s principal investment strategies, name, investment process and primary benchmark, to approve the reduction of the Fund’s contractual management fee and to approve the establishment of a new expense limitation agreement for Class I shares of the Fund (the “Repositioning”), all effective on or about April 26, 2021. The Board noted that the material terms of the New Subadvisory Agreement are substantially identical to the terms of the then-current subadvisory agreement with each of Epoch Investment Partners, Inc. (“Epoch”) and Markston International LLC (“Markston”) with respect to the Fund, but that the subadvisory fee schedule under the New Subadvisory Agreement with Wellington includes fees that are lower at every level of assets than the subadvisory fees paid to Epoch and Markston under the then-current subadvisory agreements.

In reaching the decisions to approve the Repositioning and New Subadvisory Agreement, the Board considered information furnished by New York Life Investments and Wellington in connection with meetings of the Board and its Contracts, Investment and Risk and Compliance Oversight Committees held on January 21, January 25 and February 3, 2021, as well as other information furnished to the Board and its Committees throughout the year, as deemed relevant by the Trustees. The Board also considered information on the fees charged to other investment advisory clients of Wellington that follow investment strategies similar to those proposed for the Fund, as repositioned, and, when applicable, the rationale for any differences in the Fund’s proposed subadvisory fee and the fees charged to those other investment advisory clients. In addition, the Board considered information previously provided to the Board in connection with its review of the subadvisory agreements for other funds in the MainStay Group of Funds, as deemed relevant to each Trustee. The Board also considered information furnished by Wellington in response to requests prepared on behalf of the Board, and in consultation with the Independent Trustees, by independent legal counsel to the Independent Trustees, which encompassed a variety of topics, including those summarized below.

The Board took into account information provided in connection with its meetings throughout the year, including, among other items, information regarding the legal standards and fiduciary obligations applicable to its consideration of the New Subadvisory Agreement and investment performance reports on the Fund as well as presentations from New York Life Investments and Wellington personnel. The contract review process, including the structure and format for materials provided to the Board, has been developed in consultation with the Board. The Independent Trustees also met in executive sessions with their independent legal counsel and, for a portion thereof, with senior management of New York Life Investments.

In considering the Repositioning and the New Subadvisory Agreement, the Trustees reviewed and evaluated the information and factors they believed to reasonably be necessary and appropriate in light of legal advice furnished to them by independent legal counsel and through the exercise of their own business judgment. Although individual Trustees may have weighed certain factors or information differently, the factors considered by the Board are described in greater detail below and include, among other factors: (i) the nature, extent and quality of the services to be provided to the Fund by Wellington; (ii) the investment performance of the Fund, the qualifications of the proposed portfolio managers of the Fund and the historical investment performance of products managed by such portfolio managers with investment strategies similar to those of the Fund, as repositioned; (iii) the anticipated costs of the services to be provided, and profits expected to be realized, by Wellington from its relationship with the Fund; (iv) the extent to which economies of scale may be realized if the Fund grows and the extent to which economies of scale may benefit the Fund’s shareholders; and (v) the reasonableness of the Fund’s proposed subadvisory fee to be paid by New York Life Investments to Wellington and estimated total ordinary operating expenses. Although the Board recognized that comparisons between the Fund’s proposed fees and estimated expenses and those of other funds are imprecise given different terms of agreements, variations in fund strategies and other factors, the Board considered the reasonableness of the Fund’s proposed fees and estimated total ordinary operating expenses as compared to the peer funds identified by New York Life Investments.

Although individual Trustees may have weighed certain factors or information differently, the Board’s decisions to approve the Repositioning and the New Subadvisory Agreement were based on a consideration of the information provided to the Trustees throughout the year, such as presentations from Wellington personnel, as well as information furnished specifically in connection with the contract review process for the Fund, in each case as deemed relevant to each Trustee. The Trustees noted that, throughout the year, the Trustees would be afforded an opportunity to ask questions of, and request additional information or materials from, New York Life Investments and Wellington with respect to the Fund. The Board took note of New York Life Investments’ belief that Wellington, with its resources and historical investment performance track record for strategies similar to those of the Fund, as repositioned, is well qualified to serve as the Fund’s subadvisor. In addition to considering the

above-referenced factors, the Board observed that in the marketplace there are a range of investment options available to the Fund's shareholders and such shareholders, having had the opportunity to consider other investment options, have chosen to invest in the Fund.

The factors that figured prominently in the Board's decisions to approve the Repositioning and the New Subadvisory Agreement are summarized in more detail below, and the Board did not consider any factor or information controlling in reaching such decisions.

Nature, Extent and Quality of Services to be Provided by Wellington

In considering the Repositioning and the New Subadvisory Agreement, the Board considered New York Life Investments' responsibilities as manager of the Fund, noting that New York Life Investments is responsible for supervising the Fund's subadvisor. The Board examined the nature, extent and quality of the investment advisory services that Wellington proposed to provide to the Fund. Further, the Board evaluated and/or examined the following with regard to Wellington:

- experience in providing investment advisory services;
- experience in serving as advisor or subadvisor to other funds with similar strategies as those of the Fund, as repositioned, and the performance track record of those funds;
- experience of investment advisory, senior management and administrative personnel;
- overall legal and compliance environment, resources and history and policies and procedures in place with respect to matters that may involve conflicts of interest between the Fund's investments and those of other accounts managed by Wellington;
- New York Life Investments' and Wellington's belief that their respective compliance policies, procedures and systems are reasonably designed to prevent violation of the federal securities laws and their commitment to further developing and strengthening compliance programs relating to the MainStay Group of Funds generally and the Fund specifically;
- ability to attract and retain qualified investment professionals and willingness to invest in personnel to service and support the Fund;
- portfolio construction and risk management processes;
- experience of the Fund's proposed portfolio managers, including with respect to investment strategies similar to those of the Fund, the number of accounts managed by the portfolio managers and the method for compensating the portfolio managers; and
- overall reputation, financial condition and assets under management.

Based on these considerations, the Board concluded that the Fund would likely benefit from the nature, extent and quality of the proposed investment advisory services to be provided by Wellington.

Investment Performance

In evaluating the Fund's investment performance, the Board considered investment performance results over various periods in light of the Fund's investment objective, strategies and risks. The Board considered investment reports on, and analysis of, the Fund's performance provided to the Board throughout the year. These reports include, among other items, information on the Fund's gross and net returns, the Fund's investment performance compared to relevant investment categories and the Fund's benchmarks, the Fund's risk-adjusted investment performance and the Fund's investment performance as compared to peer funds, as appropriate, as well as portfolio attribution information and commentary on the effect of market conditions.

The Board also gave weight to its discussions with senior management at New York Life Investments concerning the Fund's investment performance and remediation efforts undertaken by New York Life Investments, and other alternatives to the Repositioning, and the New Subadvisory Agreement considered by New York Life Investments. In addition, the Board considered steps taken to seek to improve the Fund's investment performance and discussions between the Fund's current portfolio management team and the Investment Committee of the Board. The Board further considered that shareholders may benefit from Wellington's investment process, including its portfolio construction and risk management processes. The Board noted that the Repositioning had not yet been implemented so an investment performance track record for the Fund, as repositioned, was not available.

The Board evaluated the Fund's proposed portfolio management team, investment process, strategies and risks. The Board noted that Wellington currently manages one or more portfolios with investment strategies similar to those of the Fund, as repositioned. Additionally, the Board considered the historical performance of such portfolio or portfolios and other portfolios managed by the proposed portfolio managers for the Fund. Based on these considerations, the Board concluded that the Fund was likely to be managed responsibly and capably by Wellington.

Based on these considerations, the Board concluded that the selection of Wellington as the subadvisor to the Fund is likely to benefit the Fund's long-term investment performance.

Costs of the Services to be Provided, and Profits to be Realized, by Wellington

The Board considered the anticipated costs of the services to be provided by Wellington under the New Subadvisory Agreement and the profits expected to be realized by Wellington due to its relationship with the Fund. The Board considered that Wellington's subadvisory fee had been negotiated at arm's-length by New York Life Investments and that these fees would be paid by New York Life Investments, not the Fund.

In evaluating the anticipated costs of the services to be provided by Wellington and profits expected to be realized by Wellington, the Board considered, among other factors, Wellington's investments in, or willingness to invest in, personnel, systems, equipment and other

Board consideration and Approval of Subadvisory Agreement with Wellington Management Company LLP (Unaudited) (continued)

resources and infrastructure to support and further enhance the services proposed to be provided to the Fund, and that New York Life Investments would be responsible for paying the subadvisory fee to Wellington. The Board also considered the financial resources of Wellington and acknowledged that Wellington must be in a position to attract and retain experienced professional personnel and to maintain a strong financial position for Wellington to be able to provide high-quality services to the Fund. The Board also considered that New York Life Investments proposed to reduce the contractual management fee for the Fund and proposed an expense limitation agreement for Class I shares of the Fund.

In considering anticipated costs and profitability, the Board also considered certain fall-out benefits that may be realized by Wellington due to its relationship with the Fund, including reputational and other indirect benefits. The Board recognized, for example, the potential benefits to Wellington from legally permitted “soft-dollar” arrangements by which brokers would provide research and other services to Wellington in exchange for commissions paid by the Fund with respect to trades in the Fund’s portfolio securities. In addition, the Board also requested and received information from New York Life Investments concerning other material business relationships between Wellington and its affiliates and New York Life Investments and its affiliates, and considered the existence of a strategic partnership between New York Life Investments and Wellington that relates to certain current and future products that represented a conflict of interest associated with New York Life Investments’ recommendation to approve the Repositioning and the New Subadvisory Agreement.

The Board took into account the fact that the Fund would undergo changes to its principal investment strategies in connection with the Repositioning. The Board noted estimates from New York Life Investments and Wellington that a significant portion of the holdings of the Fund would be sold to align the Fund’s holdings with the strategies that would be pursued by Wellington. Additionally, the Board considered New York Life Investments’ representation that New York Life Investments would work closely with Wellington to seek to execute the optimal transition strategy and that New York Life Investments would make every effort to minimize potential direct and indirect costs associated with the Repositioning.

The Board considered that any profits realized by Wellington due to its relationship with the Fund would be the result of arm’s-length negotiations between New York Life Investments and Wellington, acknowledging that any such profits would be based on fees paid to Wellington by New York Life Investments, not the Fund.

Subadvisory Fee and Estimated Total Ordinary Operating Expenses

The Board evaluated the reasonableness of the fee to be paid under the New Subadvisory Agreement and the Fund’s estimated total ordinary operating expenses. The Board primarily considered the reasonableness of the management fee to be paid by the Fund to New York Life Investments because the subadvisory fee to be paid to Wellington would be paid by New York Life Investments, not the Fund. The Board also

considered the reasonableness of the subadvisory fee to be paid by New York Life Investments and the amount of the management fee expected to be retained by New York Life Investments.

In assessing the reasonableness of the Fund’s proposed fees and estimated expenses, the Board considered information provided by New York Life Investments on fees and expenses of peer funds and information provided by Wellington on fees charged to other investment advisory clients, including institutional separate accounts and/or other funds that follow investment strategies similar to those of the Fund, as repositioned. The Board considered the similarities and differences in the contractual fee schedules of the Fund and these similarly-managed accounts and/or funds, taking into account the rationale for any differences in fee schedules and noted that New York Life Investments proposed to reduce the Fund’s contractual management fee. The Board also considered that in proposing fees for the Fund, New York Life Investments considers the competitive marketplace for mutual funds.

Based on the factors outlined above, the Board concluded that the Fund’s management fee and total ordinary operating expenses were within a range that is competitive and support a conclusion that these fees and expenses are reasonable.

Economies of Scale

The Board considered information regarding economies of scale, including whether the Fund’s proposed expense structure would permit economies of scale to be appropriately shared with the Fund’s shareholders. The Board also considered a report from New York Life Investments, previously prepared at the request of the Board, that addressed economies of scale, including with respect to the mutual fund business generally and the various ways in which the benefits of economies of scale may be shared with the funds in the MainStay Group of Funds. Although the Board recognized the difficulty of determining economies of scale with precision, the Board acknowledged that economies of scale may be shared with the Fund in a number of ways, including, for example, through the imposition of fee breakpoints, initially setting management fee rates at scale or making additional investments to enhance services.

Based on this information, the Board concluded that economies of scale are appropriately reflected for the benefit of the Fund’s shareholders through the Fund’s proposed expense structure and other methods to share benefits from economies of scale.

Conclusion

On the basis of the information and factors summarized above, among other information and factors deemed relevant by the Trustees, and the evaluation thereof, the Board, including the Independent Trustees voting separately, unanimously voted to approve the Repositioning and the New Subadvisory Agreement.

Discussion of the Operation and Effectiveness of the Fund's Liquidity Risk Management Program (Unaudited)

In compliance with Rule 22e-4 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Liquidity Rule"), the Fund has adopted and implemented a liquidity risk management program (the "Program"), which New York Life Investment Management LLC believes is reasonably designed to assess and manage the Fund's liquidity risk (the risk that the Fund could not meet requests to redeem shares issued by the Fund without significant dilution of remaining investors' interests in the Fund). The Board of Trustees of The MainStay Funds (the "Board") designated New York Life Investment Management LLC as administrator of the Program (the "Administrator"). The Administrator has established a Liquidity Risk Management Committee to assist the Administrator in the implementation and day-to-day administration of the Program and to otherwise support the Administrator in fulfilling its responsibilities under the Program.

At a meeting of the Board held on March 8, 2021, the Administrator provided the Board with a written report addressing the Program's operation and assessing its adequacy and effectiveness of implementation for the period from January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020 (the "Review Period"), as required under the Liquidity Rule. The report noted that the Administrator concluded that (i) the Program operated effectively to assess and manage the Fund's liquidity risk, (ii) the Program has been adequately and effectively implemented to monitor and, as applicable, respond to the Fund's liquidity developments and (iii) the Fund's investment strategy continues to be appropriate for an open-end fund. In addition, the report discussed notable events that impacted liquidity risk during the Review Period, including the COVID-19 pandemic and the resulting economic shutdown.

In accordance with the Program, the Fund's liquidity risk is assessed no less frequently than annually taking into consideration certain factors, as applicable, such as (i) investment strategy and liquidity of portfolio investments, (ii) short-term and long-term cash flow projections and (iii) holdings of cash and cash equivalents, as well as borrowing arrangements and other funding sources. Certain factors are considered under both normal and reasonably foreseeable stressed conditions.

Each Fund portfolio investment is classified into one of four liquidity categories. The classification is based on a determination of the number of days it is reasonably expected to take to convert the investment into cash, or sell or dispose of the investment, in current market conditions without significantly changing the market value of the investment. The Administrator has delegated liquidity classification determinations to the Fund's subadvisors, subject to appropriate oversight by the Administrator, and classification determinations are made by taking into account the Fund's reasonably anticipated trade size, various market, trading and investment-specific considerations, as well as market depth, and, in certain cases, third-party vendor data.

The Liquidity Rule requires funds that do not primarily hold assets that are highly liquid investments to adopt a minimum amount of net assets that must be invested in highly liquid investments that are assets (an "HLIM"). In addition, the Liquidity Rule limits a fund's investments in illiquid investments. Specifically, the Liquidity Rule prohibits acquisition of illiquid investments if doing so would result in a fund holding more than 15% of its net assets in illiquid investments that are assets. The Program includes provisions reasonably designed to determine, periodically review and comply with the HLIM requirement, as applicable, and to comply with the 15% limit on illiquid investments.

There can be no assurance that the Program will achieve its objectives under all circumstances in the future. Please refer to the Fund's prospectus for more information regarding the Fund's exposure to liquidity risk and other risks to which it may be subject.

Proxy Voting Record

The Fund is required to file with the Securities and Exchange Commissions's ("SEC") its proxy voting records for the 12-month period ending June 30 on Form N-PX. The most recent Form N-PX or proxy voting record is available free of charge upon request by calling 800-624-6782; visiting the MainStay Funds' website at newyorklifeinvestments.com; or visiting the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Shareholder Reports and Quarterly Portfolio Disclosure

The Fund is required to file its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC 60 days after its first and third fiscal quarter on Form N-PORT. The Fund's holdings report is available free of charge upon request by calling New York Life Investments at 800-624-6782.

MainStay Funds

Equity

U.S. Equity

MainStay Epoch U.S. Equity Yield Fund
MainStay MacKay S&P 500 Index Fund
MainStay Winslow Large Cap Growth Fund
MainStay WMC Enduring Capital Fund
MainStay WMC Growth Fund
MainStay WMC Small Companies Fund
MainStay WMC Value Fund

International Equity

MainStay Epoch International Choice Fund
MainStay MacKay International Equity Fund
MainStay WMC International Research Equity Fund

Emerging Markets Equity

MainStay Candriam Emerging Markets Equity Fund

Global Equity

MainStay Epoch Capital Growth Fund
MainStay Epoch Global Equity Yield Fund

Fixed Income

Taxable Income

MainStay Candriam Emerging Markets Debt Fund
MainStay Floating Rate Fund
MainStay MacKay High Yield Corporate Bond Fund
MainStay MacKay Short Duration High Yield Fund
MainStay MacKay Strategic Bond Fund
MainStay MacKay Total Return Bond Fund
MainStay MacKay U.S. Infrastructure Bond Fund
MainStay Short Term Bond Fund

Tax-Exempt Income

MainStay MacKay California Tax Free Opportunities Fund¹
MainStay MacKay High Yield Municipal Bond Fund
MainStay MacKay Intermediate Tax Free Bond Fund
MainStay MacKay New York Tax Free Opportunities Fund²
MainStay MacKay Short Term Municipal Fund
MainStay MacKay Tax Free Bond Fund

Money Market

MainStay Money Market Fund

Mixed Asset

MainStay Balanced Fund
MainStay Income Builder Fund
MainStay MacKay Convertible Fund

Speciality

MainStay CBRE Global Infrastructure Fund
MainStay CBRE Real Estate Fund
MainStay Cushing MLP Premier Fund

Asset Allocation

MainStay Conservative Allocation Fund
MainStay Conservative ETF Allocation Fund
MainStay Defensive ETF Allocation Fund
MainStay Equity Allocation Fund
MainStay Equity ETF Allocation Fund
MainStay Growth Allocation Fund
MainStay Growth ETF Allocation Fund
MainStay Moderate Allocation Fund
MainStay Moderate ETF Allocation Fund

Manager

New York Life Investment Management LLC

New York, New York

Subadvisors

Candriam Belgium S.A.³

Brussels, Belgium

Candriam Luxembourg S.C.A.³

Strassen, Luxembourg

CBRE Clarion Securities LLC

Radnor, Pennsylvania

Cushing Asset Management, LP

Dallas, Texas

Epoch Investment Partners, Inc.

New York, New York

MacKay Shields LLC³

New York, New York

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Winslow Capital Management, LLC

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Legal Counsel

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Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

KPMG LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Distributor

NYLIFE Distributors LLC³

Jersey City, New Jersey

Custodian

JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.

New York, New York

1. This Fund is registered for sale in AZ, CA, NV, OR, TX, UT, WA and MI (Class A and I shares only), and CO, FL, GA, HI, ID, MA, MD, NH, NJ and NY (Class I shares only).

2. This Fund is registered for sale in CA, CT, DE, FL, MA, NJ, NY and VT.

3. An affiliate of New York Life Investment Management LLC.

For more information

800-624-6782

newyorklifeinvestments.com

"New York Life Investments" is both a service mark, and the common trade name, of certain investment advisors affiliated with New York Life Insurance Company. The MainStay Funds[®] are managed by New York Life Investment Management LLC and distributed by NYLIFE Distributors LLC, 30 Hudson Street, Jersey City, NJ 07302, a wholly owned subsidiary of New York Life Insurance Company. NYLIFE Distributors LLC is a Member FINRA/SIPC.

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